



City of Miami Zoning Information

Urban Core Transect T6-8

Miami 21 Zoning Code

Notice: This is a reference manual only. For official information, please refer to the Miami 21 Code, as amended, the Zoning Ordinance of the City of Miami. Additional regulations may be applicable. All applications require zoning review and referral prior to commencement.

Revised April 2018

Thoroughfare: A vehicular way incorporating moving lanes and parking lanes within a right-of-way as part of an interconnected network for vehicular, pedestrian, and bicycle mobility.

Tower: In T6 Zones that portion of a Building that extends above the Pedestal.

Towing Service: Establishment which provides for the removal and temporary storage of vehicles but does not include disposal, permanent disassembly, salvage or accessory storage of inoperable vehicles.

Townhouse: See Rowhouse.

Transect: A system of ordering human habitats in a range from the most natural to the most urban. Transect Zones describe the physical character of place at any Scale, according to the Density and Intensity of land use and urbanism.

Transect Zone (T-Zone): The identification of areas of varying Density whose character is determined by the requirements for Use, Height, Setback and the form of Building and the form of the enfronting public streetscape. The elements are determined by their location on the Transect scale. The T-Zones are: T1 Natural, T2 Rural, T3 Sub-Urban, T4 Urban General, T5 Urban Center, and T6 Urban Core, CS Civic Space, CI Civic Institutional, CI-HD Civic Institution – Health District, D1 Work Place, D2 Industrial and D3 Waterfront Industrial. Within T3 through T6 Zones are additional categories, Restricted (R), Limited (L) and Open (O), and each category shall also be considered a T-Zone.

Transit Corridor: A designation established by the City involving an area not exceeding a one-quarter (1/4) mile radius from a non-limited access thoroughfare that included designated transit stop locations and is served by one or more mass transit route(s) with designated transit vehicle(s) operating at an average of ten (10) minute or less headway Monday thru Friday between the hours of 7am thru 7pm. Multiple transit routes or types of transit vehicles may be added cumulatively under this definition for the purpose of parking reductions.

Transit Facility: See Section 1.1, Civil Support Use.

Transit Oriented Development (TOD): A designation established by the City involving an area not exceeding a one-half (1/2) mile radius from a convergence of modes of transit, or a train station.

Transition Line: A horizontal line spanning the full width of a Facade, expressed by a material change or by a continuous horizontal articulation such as a cornice or a balcony.

Transmission Towers: Freestanding Structures intended for the support of antennas used in the reception and relay of radar, radio, cellular, television or telephone communications.

Travel Trailer / Recreational Vehicle: A vehicular, portable Structure built on a chassis, designed to be used as a temporary dwelling for travel, recreational, or vacation purposes. This includes pickup

3.1 TRANSECT ZONES

- 3.1.1** The Miami 21 Code Transect Zones are described in Article 4, Table 1 and include the standards summarized in Article 4, Table 2 and further described in Article 5. They range in Function and Density from low-Density, primarily residential areas to high Density Mixed-Use areas, across the Transect, with zones identified as T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6, CS, CI, CI-HD, D1, D2 and D3 and all R, L, O and T6 subcategories.

3.2 PHASING

All development shall conform to this Code regardless of phasing. Each phase of a development project shall conform to this Code in its entirety.

3.3 LOTS AND FRONTAGES

- 3.3.1** Lots assembled into one (1) ownership within one (1) Transect Zone may be developed as a single Lot. Lots assembled into one (1) ownership that encompass more than one (1) Transect Zone shall be developed according to the corresponding Transect regulation for each Lot, except as described in Section 3.6.1(e). In such cases, there shall be no transfer of Density or Intensity of Development Capacity between Transect Zones, except if the Lots are assigned equal Densities, Density may be transferred across the Transect boundary. Where Lots are assembled into one (1) ownership, the side or rear Setbacks sharing the Property Line may be eliminated. Lot assembly shall require a Unity-of-Title acceptable to the City Attorney. Contiguous Lots in one (1) ownership, as of the effective date of this Code, may be developed as one (1) Lot in excess of the maximum Lot size.
- 3.3.2** In Transect Zones T5, T6, CI, CS, D1, D2, and D3, buildable sites shall Enfront a vehicular Thoroughfare or a Pedestrian Passage, with at least one Principal Frontage.
- 3.3.3** Lots facing Thoroughfares on more than one (1) side shall have designated Principal Frontage(s) and may have Secondary Frontage(s). Unless otherwise designated by a Special Area Plan, a Principal Frontage shall be that facing the Thoroughfare of higher pedestrian importance or intensity (i.e., traffic volume, number of lanes, etc.), as determined by the Planning Department upon request by the Zoning Administrator.
- a. If two Thoroughfares are of equal importance each Frontage shall be considered a Principal Frontage. Lots with two or more Frontages may consider other non-fronting Property Lines as sides.
 - b. Lots shall have at least one (1) Principal Frontage, except waterfront Lots shall have at least two (2) Principal Frontages, one of which shall be the waterfront and shall conform to Waterfront Setback Standards. For Waterfront Setbacks, see Section 3.11.
 - c. Where an existing lot of record is located adjacent to a Thoroughfare in a manner that creates an irregular Frontage such that the side or rear yards cannot be determined as with a regular lot, the Zoning Administrator shall determine, by Waiver, the yard and setbacks for the lot as fits the circumstances of the case. In addition to general Waiver requirements, the Zoning Administra-

tor shall consider the minimum dimensions and methods of measurement as generally required for either a side or rear yard in the transect, determining which shall apply by the relation of the portion of the lot on which the yard is to be located to the adjoining lot, with due regard to the orientation of structures and buildable areas on each lot.

- 3.3.4** For the purposes of this Code, Lots are divided into Layers which control Development on the Lot.
- 3.3.5** Where the property to be developed abuts an existing Building, a Waiver may be granted so that the proposed Building matches the dominant Setback of the block and its Context.
- 3.3.6** For new Buildings in Established Setbacks Areas, the Established Setback shall be maintained. (See also Article 4, Diagram 10) Galleries and Arcades may be permitted within the First Layer in Established Setback Areas and shall not encroach the Public Right-of-Way except by Special Area Plan. Where a Gallery or Arcade is permitted, the Established Setback shall only be maintained if a Gallery or Arcade is provided. Where a Gallery or Arcade is not provided, the setback for the underlying Transect Zone shall be maintained.

Established Setback Areas include:

a. Brickell Financial

1. Boundary: All properties on Brickell Avenue between SE 15th Road and the Miami River.

Brickell Avenue Setback: Thirty (30') feet; Side and Rear: Fifteen (15') feet;

2. Boundary: All properties bounded by SE 1st Avenue to the west, SE 8th Street to the north, Biscayne Bay to the east and SE 15th Road to the south.

Interior Side and Rear Setback: fifteen (15') feet

b. Biscayne Boulevard

1. Boundary: All properties along the west side of Biscayne Boulevard from NE 7th Street to NE 12th Street and both sides of Biscayne Boulevard from NE 12th Street to NE 17th Street.

Setback Adjacent to Biscayne Boulevard: Fifteen (15') feet

2. Boundary: Biscayne Boulevard from NE 17th Street to Interstate 195.

Setback Adjacent to Biscayne Boulevard: Zero (0') feet with Gallery

c. Design District

1. Boundary: All properties bounded on the east by Biscayne Boulevard; on the south by NE 36th Street; on the west by North Miami Avenue; and on the north by NE 40th Street.

Frontage Setback: Zero (0') feet

d. 27th Avenue Coconut Grove

1. Boundary: The west side of 27th Avenue from SW 28th Terrace to South Dixie Highway.

27th Avenue Frontage Setback: Twenty-five (25') feet

2. Boundary: The north side of SW 28th Terrace between South Dixie Highway and SW 27th Avenue.

SW 28th Terrace Frontage Setback: Fifteen (15') feet

3. Boundary: Bird Avenue between Mary Street and Aviation Avenue; Lincoln Avenue between SW 27th Avenue and Darwin Street; the north Side of Abaco Avenue from SW 27th Avenue to Washington Street; the south Side of Aviation Avenue from SW 27th Avenue to Swanson Avenue.

Frontage Setback on all streets except SW 27th Avenue: Fifteen (15') feet

e. 9th Street Promenade

1. Boundary: All properties Adjacent to NW 9th Street between NW 2nd Avenue and North Miami Avenue.

NW 9th Street Frontage Setback: Twenty-five (25') feet

f. Tigertail Avenue

1. Boundary: All properties along the southeast side of Tigertail Avenue between Darwin Street and Aviation Avenue.

Tigertail Avenue Setback: One hundred feet (100') except, Residential Uses (as ancillary Use), may be developed in accordance with Setback provisions of the underlying Transect Zone. Parking structures lined by Residential Uses must be setback a minimum of fifty (50') feet from Tigertail Avenue.

g. South Bayshore Drive

1. Boundary: All properties on the northern side of South Bayshore Drive from McFarlane Road to Aviation Avenue.

South Bayshore Drive Setback: Thirty (30') feet; Side Setback: fifteen (15') feet minimum for the entire height of the building.

2. Boundary: All properties on the northern side of South Bayshore Drive from Aviation Avenue to SW 17th Avenue.

South Bayshore Drive Setback: Eighty (80') feet

h. Coral Way

1. Boundary: Coral Way from the western City limits (SW 37th Avenue) to SW 1st Court.

Coral Way Setback: Zero (0') feet with Gallery

i. 8th Street

1. Boundary: All properties Adjacent to SW 8th Street between SW 27th Avenue and SW 1st Court.

SW 8th Street Setback: Zero (0') feet with Gallery

j. 22nd Avenue

1. Boundary: 22nd Avenue from NW 1st Street to SW 8th Street.

22nd Ave Setback: Zero (0') feet with Arcade

k. Central Coconut Grove

1. Boundary:
 - All properties Adjacent to Grand Avenue between Margaret Street and Mary Street.
 - All properties Adjacent to Commodore Plaza between Grand Avenue and Main Highway.
 - All properties Adjacent to Fuller Street between Grand Avenue and Main Highway.
 - All properties Adjacent to Main Highway between Charles Avenue to Grand Avenue.
 - All properties Adjacent to McFarlane Road between Grand Avenue and South Bayshore Drive.
 - All properties Adjacent to Virginia Street between Oak Avenue and Grand Avenue.
 - All properties Adjacent to Florida Avenue between Virginia Street and Mary Street.
 - All properties Adjacent to Rice Street between Oak Avenue and Florida Avenue.
 - All properties on the west side of Mary Street between Oak Avenue and Grand Avenue.
 - All properties on the south side of Oak Avenue between Matilda Street and Tigertail Avenue.

Central Coconut Grove Setback (on the streets listed above): Five (5) feet.

l. Wynwood

1. Boundary: Established Setback Areas have been identified within Wynwood NRD-1 Street Master Plan located within Appendix A of this Code.

3.4

DENSITY AND INTENSITY CALCULATIONS

3.4.1 Lot Area, inclusive of any dedications, is used for purposes of Density and Intensity calculation.

3.4.2 Density shall be calculated in terms of units as specified by Article 4, Tables 3 and 4. The referenced tables provide the maximum allowable Densities. Intensity shall be calculated in terms of Floor Lot Ratio. The buildable Density or Intensity on any particular site will be affected by other regulations in this Code and thus the stated maximums of this Miami 21 Code may exceed the actual Capacity that a site can sustain when other regulations of this Code are applied to the site. The inability to reach the maximum Density or Intensity because of the necessity to conform to the other regulations of this Code shall not constitute hardship for purposes of a Variance.

3.4.3 Lodging Units shall be considered as equivalent to one-half (0.50) of a Dwelling Unit.

3.4.4 The allowable Transect Zone Density may be increased as provided by the Future Land Use Element of the Miami Comprehensive Plan (Residential Density Increase Areas), as illustrated in Article 4, Diagram 9.

3.5 MEASUREMENT OF HEIGHT

3.5.1 Unless otherwise specified herein, the Height of Buildings shall be measured in Stories. The height of Fences and walls shall be measured in feet. The Height of Buildings, Fences and walls shall be measured from the Average Sidewalk Elevation or, where no sidewalk exists, the average of the record profile grade elevation of the street Abutting the Principal Frontage of the Building, as determined by the Public Works Department. In the event that the base flood elevation, as established by FEMA, is higher than the sidewalk or grade elevations, the Height of the first Story but not the height of Fences and walls shall be measured from the base flood elevation.

3.5.2 A Story is a Habitable level within a Building of a maximum fourteen (14) feet in Height from finished floor to finished floor. Basements are not considered Stories for the purposes of determining Building Height. A ground level retail Story may exceed this limit up to a total height of twenty-five (25) feet. A single floor level exceeding fourteen (14) feet, or twenty-five (25) feet at ground level retail, shall be counted as two (2) Stories; except for T6-36, T6-48, T6-60, T6-80, and D1, where a single floor level exceeding fourteen (14) feet may count as one (1) story if the building height does not exceed the maximum height, including all applicable bonuses, allowed by the transect at fourteen (14) feet per floor. Where the first two stories are retail, their total combined Height shall not exceed thirty-nine (39) feet and the first floor shall be a minimum of fourteen (14) feet in Height. Mezzanines may not exceed thirty-three percent (33%) of the Habitable Space Floor Area, except for D1, where mezzanines may not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the Habitable Space Floor Area. Mezzanines extending beyond thirty-three percent (33%) of the Floor Area, or fifty percent (50%) of the Floor Area in D1, shall be counted as an additional floor. The Height of a Parking Structure concealed by a Liner may be equal to the Height of the Liner; this may result in a Liner Story concealing more than one level of Parking.

3.5.3 Except as specifically provided herein, the Height limitations of this Code shall not apply to any roof Structures for housing elevators, stairways, tanks, ventilating fans, solar energy collectors, or similar equipment required to operate and maintain the Building (provided that such Structures shall not cover more than twenty percent (20%) of roof area for T4 and T5); nor to church spires, steeples, belfries, monuments, water towers, flagpoles, vents, or similar Structures, which may be allowed to exceed the maximum Height by Waiver; nor to fire or parapet walls, which shall not extend more than five (5) feet above the maximum Height in T4 and T5 and ten (10) feet in T6 and Districts.

3.5.4 No Building or other Structure shall be located in a manner or built to a Height which constitutes a hazard to aviation or creates hazards to persons or property by reason of unusual exposure to aviation hazards. In addition to Height limitations established by this Code, limitations established by the Miami-Dade County Height Zoning Ordinance as stated in Article 37 of the Code of Miami-Dade County (Miami International Airport) shall apply to Heights of Buildings and Structures.

A letter authorizing clearance from the Miami-Dade Aviation Department or the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) may be required by the Zoning Administrator prior to the issuance of any Building permit.

Construction of an Educational facility within the delineated Miami International Airport Critical Approach Area as defined by the Miami-Dade County Code shall only be granted by Exception. Construction of such facility is subject to the approval by the Miami-Dade County Aviation Department or any other agencies authorized by law to approve the construction.

3.5.5 Height limitations for Properties Abutting and in Proximity to National Historic Landmarks

- a. All properties designated a National Historic Landmark (NHL) which include a Designed Landscape that is an integral part of the documented significance supporting the NHL designation shall be protected by height limitations throughout the entire Civic Institution zoned property of which the NHL is a part, so as to protect the Designed Landscape from the potentially adverse effects of an undertaking that may diminish the integrity of the NHL property's location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, association or qualities that qualified it for NHL designation. Examples of adverse effects which diminish the integrity of the NHL property include those which: cause physical destruction of or damage to all or part of the NHL property; or change the character of the NHL property's use or physical features within the NHL property's setting that contribute to its historic significance; or introduce visual, atmospheric or audible elements that diminish the integrity of the NHL property's significant historic features; or alter the NHL property in a way that is not consistent with the federal standards for the treatment of historic properties and applicable guidelines, as published by the United States Department of the Interior.
- b. The height of structures throughout the entire Civic Institution zoned property of which the NHL is a part shall not exceed that established by a six (6) degree vertical plane which is measured beginning from the ground floor elevation of the principal historic building at the façade that overlooks the Designed Landscape, which plane shall extend in a one hundred eighty (180) degree arc facing the Designed Landscape and measured at grade from the midpoint of the building façade. The ground floor elevation shall be measured according to the 1929 N.G.V.D. of Mean Sea Level supplied by the City of Miami. Structures existing on affected properties at the time of the effective date of this Miami 21 Code shall not be considered nonconforming structures.
- c. Should the height limitations for structures located in such Civic Institution zoned property as of the effective date of this Miami 21 Code be more restrictive than that created by this section, the most restrictive height shall apply. In the event of a rezoning of all or part of the Civic Institution property, either by successional zoning or by Special Area Plan, the height limitations specified in this Section 3.5.5 shall be incorporated in all subsequent rezonings.
- d. For purposes of this Section 3.5.5., the following definitions shall apply:
 1. Designed Landscape is one or more of the following:
 - a landscape that has significance as a design or work of art;
 - a landscape consciously designed and laid out by a master gardener, landscape architect, architect, or horticulturalist to a design principle, or an owner or other amateur using a recognized style or tradition in response or reaction to a recognized style or tradition;
 - a landscape having a historical association with a significant person, trend, event, etc. in landscape gardening or landscape architecture; or
 - a landscape having a significant relationship to the theory or practice of landscape architecture.
 2. National Historic Landmark is a nationally significant historic place designated by the Secretary of the Interior because it possesses exceptional value or quality in illustrating or interpreting the heritage of the United States, and defined in Title 36, Section 65.3 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

3.5.6 See Chapter 23 of the City Code, titled Historic Preservation, for regulations and additional height

requirements.

3.6**OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING STANDARDS****3.6.1 Off-street Parking Standards**

- a. Off-street Parking requirements for the individual Transect Zones shall be as set forth in Article 4, Table 4. Where required off-street parking is based on square footage of Use, the calculation shall only include Habitable Rooms and Habitable Space occupied by such Use.
- b. Off-street Parking dimensions and Shared Parking (mixed-use) reduction table shall be as set forth in Article 4, Table 5.
- c. Required Parking for Adaptive Reuses may be reduced or exempted by Waiver for properties located in a Community Redevelopment Area, or in areas where a Parking Trust Fund has been established, or for historic sites and contributing Structures within designated historic districts.
- d. Parking reductions shall not be cumulative except in T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80. Parking reductions shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total Off-street Parking required, except for Residential components of projects within one thousand (1,000) feet of Metrorail or Metromover stations.
- e. Parking that is otherwise not allowed but that is customarily incidental and subordinate to a principal Use may be provided in any T3 or T4-R Transect Zone by process of Exception and only if there is an existing legally built parking lot. Access for such Lots shall be subject to all other requirements of the Transect Zone including Liner, landscaping, or Streetscreen requirements. Such parking shall not expand or increase the degree of nonconformity. Parking in other Transect Zones shall be approved pursuant to Article 4, Table 3.

3.6.2 Off-street Parking Driveway Standards [RESERVED]**3.6.3 Additional Off-street Parking Regulations**

General performance standards for Off-street Parking facilities:

- a. Parking shall be implemented so as to provide safe and convenient access to and from public Thoroughfares which include movement lanes and Public Frontages.
- b. Vehicular access through Residential properties for nonresidential Uses shall be prohibited.
- c. Off-street Parking spaces shall be located with sufficient room for safe and convenient parking without infringing on any public Thoroughfare or sidewalk.
- d. Off-street Parking spaces whose locations require that cars back into movement lanes shall only be permissible in T3 and T4 zones. Backing into Alleys shall be permissible in all Transect Zones.
- e. Off-street Parking or loading area shall not be used for the sale, repair, or dismantling of any vehicle or equipment, or for storage of materials or supplies.

- f. Parking or storage of commercial trucks, buses, vans, sign trailers; trailers or semi-trailers for freight, cargo; non-recreational watercraft; or the like shall not be permitted in any T3, T4, T5-R or T6-R Zone.
- g. Inoperable vehicles and other inoperable Recreational Watercraft or equipment shall be stored only in storage facilities or other approved places where they are completely concealed from public view.
- h. Except in connection with permitted active continuing construction on the premises, construction equipment such as earth moving machines, excavators, cranes, and the like shall only be allowed in D1, D2 and D3, as allowed by this Code.
- i. All Off-street Parking shall comply with applicable regulations related to lighting, paving, and drainage including the Miami-Dade County Code and the Florida Building Code.
- j. Specific areas may be set aside for Tandem Parking. Tandem Parking in all Transect Zones, except T3 and T4, shall be used only by a valet parking operator.
- k. Parking facilities on adjoining Lots may share access points, driveways and parking subject to a recorded covenant running with the property on which the facilities are located, by process of Waiver.
- l. Stationing of Recreation Watercraft:
 - 1. Transect Zones
Stationing of Recreational Watercraft may only be permitted in T3, T4-R and T4-L Zones and only where incidental to a Single-Family Residence. This section shall not be construed as preventing the docking of boats along the waterfront.
 - 2. Screening
Screening arrangements shall be made to buffer view of the Recreational Watercraft from Abutting parcels by means of walls, fences or landscaping of sufficient opaqueness to visually conceal its bulk while in keeping with applicable provisions in Article 3 and 5.
 - 3. Occupancy
Recreational Watercraft stationed in T3, T4-R and T4-L Zones shall not be used as Residential or other Occupancies.
 - 4. Location
Stationing of Recreational Watercraft may only be permitted when placed within the Second or Third Layer of the property.
 - 5. Height
The maximum height of the Recreational Watercraft shall not exceed eight (8) feet, inclusive of trailer and excluding Minor Accessories.
 - 6. State or condition
Stationing of Recreational Watercraft in T3, T4-R and T4-L Zones may only be permitted as

long as the Recreational Watercraft is maintained in an orderly and seemly condition.

3.6.4 Calculation of Off-street Parking requirements related to number of seats.

Where parking requirements relate to number of seats and seating is in the form of undivided pews, benches, or the like, twenty (20) lineal inches shall be construed to be equal to one (1) seat. Where Parking requirements relate to movable seating in auditoriums and other assembly rooms, ten (10) square feet of Floor Area shall be construed to be equal to one (1) seat except where otherwise specified. Net floor area shall be the actual area occupied by seating and related aisles, and shall not include accessory unoccupied areas or the thickness of walls.

3.6.5 Valet Parking

Off-street Parking facilities maintained with valet parking shall be allowed generally, provided that the minimum Off-street Parking requirements of this Code are satisfied and that an attendant shall remain on duty during business hours or as long as the Principal Building is occupied.

3.6.6 Parking Management Plan

Parking allowed off-site through a parking management plan agreement with the City of Miami Parking Authority shall be as set forth in Chapter 35 of the City Code.

Within areas under a parking management plan, outdoor areas, including the public right-of-way, which are regularly used for display and sales, or as dining areas, shall be calculated as part of the establishment's total floor area and shall comply with Off-Street parking requirements.

3.6.7 Off-street Parking Reductions by Use

a. Parking reductions for Elderly Housing.

1. Housing for the Elderly, in relation to this regulation, is not to be construed as homes or institutions for the aged which are primarily convalescent or Nursing Homes.
2. Off-street Parking space requirements in connection with Housing for the Elderly conforming to the requirements of state or federal programs may be reduced by Waiver to a maximum of one (1) parking space per every two (2) dwelling units.
3. The applicant shall submit plans which demonstrate how the remaining parking will be accommodated in the event that the housing becomes market rate housing at some time in the future.

The following criteria shall apply:

- (a) Applicant shall submit written certification from the applicable state or federal agency in charge of the program.
- (b) Off-street Parking reduction shall be permitted upon a finding by the Planning Director that, in view of location of such housing, the economic status of anticipated occupants, and other pertinent considerations as specified in the permit, there will be adequate Off-

street Parking for occupants, visitors, and staff.

- (c) The premises shall be used as Housing for the Elderly, subject to the exceptions and limitations set forth in (a) above, until the parking requirements for a different Use have been met.

b. Parking Reduction for Low-Income Housing

1. Off-street Parking requirements in connection with housing for low income families and individuals may be reduced by process of Exception only up to fifty percent (50%) of the spaces generally required. Housing for low-income families and individuals shall be qualified by the City of Miami Department of Community Development.
2. The applicant shall submit plans which demonstrate how the remaining parking may be accommodated in the event that the housing becomes market rate housing at some time in the future.
3. The following criteria shall apply:
 - (a) The project shall otherwise conform to the requirements of state or federal programs for this purpose.
 - (b) The Board, in its consideration of the application for Exception, shall determine and make a finding that the reduction in Off-street Parking requirements is justified in view of the nature and type of prospective occupancy and the economic circumstances involved, and that traffic and parking problems resulting from such reduction will not unduly burden traffic facilities in the Neighborhood.
 - (c) The Board shall, as part of its grant of Exception, specify that the City, upon notice and review for Waiver, may later require that the applicant implement its plan to provide the full amount of required parking if it is demonstrated that traffic and parking conditions together with impact on the Neighborhood require such provision.
 - (d) After such permit has been issued, the premises shall not be used other than as Low Income Housing, subject to the Exception and limitations set forth in (a) above, unless and until any parking requirements and all other requirements or limitations of this Code have been met.

3.6.8

Deferral of Off-street Parking Standards

a. Deferral of portions of total required parking improvements in phased projects

Parking requirements shall be met as set forth by this Code and built concurrently with approved improvements generating said requirement. Provision of parking should not in part or in whole be deferred for future implementation. Further, phased projects shall be approved subject to provision of required parking for each component phase to be provided concurrently with the phase generating said requirement; however deferrals may be granted by Exception as specified below.

- b. Deferral period, revocation of permit; notice of revocation.

A deferral may be allowed for up to five (5) years without provision for renewal except upon application for a new Exception.

3.6.9 Off-street Loading Requirements

- a. Off-street vehicular loading shall be required for all T5, T6, CS, CI, CI-HD and D zones, as shown in Article 4, Table 5 and shall require no more than three (3) turning movements.

3.6.10 Off-street Bicycle Parking Requirements

- a. Off-street bicycle parking shall be provided for all T4, T5, T6, CS, CI, CI-HD, and D zones, as shown in Article 4, Table 4.
- b. After the first fifty (50) required bicycle spaces are provided, additional spaces may be reduced by one-half.
- c. Required bicycle parking shall meet the following standards:
 - 1. Required bicycle parking shall be provided in a safe, accessible and convenient location.
 - 2. Bicycle parking facilities shared by more than one use are encouraged.
 - 3. Required bicycle parking facilities may be located within the project site or in a shared bicycle parking facility subject to all the conditions for shared bicycle parking facilities below:
 - (a) Required bicycle parking spaces for two (2) or more adjacent sites may be satisfied by the same bicycle parking facility used jointly provided that such right of joint use and maintenance is evidenced by covenant running with the land or equivalent legal document establishing the joint use.
 - (b) Required shared bicycle parking facilities are to be located within 300 feet of any building's main entrance.
 - (c) The minimum number of required bicycle parking is satisfied by all sites using the shared facility.
 - (d) For the purposes of this section, shared bicycle parking facilities are areas, locations, or structures designed to accommodate, house, store, maintain or hold several bicycle parking spaces.
 - 4. When required off-street vehicular parking is covered, the required bicycle parking shall also be covered.
 - 5. When required bicycle parking is provided in racks, one (1) standard U-rack will accommodate two (2) bikes and each rack must meet the following standards:
 - (a) The bicycle frame and one (1) wheel can be locked to the rack with a high security,

U-shaped shackle lock if both wheels are left on the bicycle;

- (b) A bicycle six feet long can be securely held with its frame supported so that the bicycle cannot be pushed or fall in a manner that will damage the wheels or components; and
- (c) The rack must be securely anchored.

6. When required bicycle parking is provided in lockers, the lockers must be securely anchored.

7. Parking and maneuvering areas.

- (a) Each required bicycle parking space must be accessible without moving another bicycle;
- (b) There must be an aisle of at least five (5) feet wide behind all required bicycle parking to allow room for bicycle maneuvering;
- (c) The area devoted to bicycle parking must be hard surfaced.

8. A one (1) square foot directional sign shall be required if the bicycle parking area is not visible from the street or main building entrance. Said sign must be posted at the main building entrance indicating the location of the bicycle parking.

3.7

FENCES AND WALLS

3.7.1 General

For all Commercial and Industrial Uses, a six-foot (6) solid masonry wall shall be provided along all property lines which adjoin T3, T4-R, T5-R and T6-R.

3.7.2 Prohibited on Fences and walls

- a. The use of broken glass, projecting nails, coiled razor wire, spikes or similar materials on walls and Fences is prohibited in all Transect Zones.
- b. Barbed wire Fences, or use of barbed wire along the top of a fence or wall, shall be permissible only in D1, D2 and D3, subject to approval by Waiver upon making a written finding that its use and placement are reasonably necessary to the safety, welfare and security of the property.

3.8

THOROUGHFARES

3.8.1 General Principles

- a. Thoroughfares are intended for use by vehicular, transit, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic and to provide access to Lots and Open Spaces.

- b. Thoroughfares consist of lanes for vehicles, transit, bicycles and Public Frontages. The lanes may have a variety of widths for movement and parking. The Public Frontages contribute to the character of Transect Zones. They may include swales, Sidewalks, curbing, Planters, bicycle paths and street trees. See Article 4, Tables 6 and 8.
- c. Thoroughfares should be designed in context with the urban form and desired design speed of the Transect Zones through which they pass. The Public Frontages that pass from one Transect Zone to another should be adjusted accordingly.
- d. Bicycles are a sustainable and viable mode of transportation and recreation in the City of Miami. Bicycle use of Thoroughfares should be as follows: Bicycles and vehicles may share use of lanes on all Thoroughfares. Thoroughfares that have sufficient paving width to accommodate bicyclists' safety should include dedicated Bicycle Lanes. Greenways, waterfront walks and other Civic Spaces should include Bicycle usage .
- e. A City-wide bicycle plan may designate an interconnected network serving bicyclists with a series of marked routes that include Bicycle Lanes as well as Bicycle Routes that give bicycles priority, such as those Thoroughfares which parallel major corridors or include major corridors which can be reconfigured to limit conflicts between vehicles and bicycles.
- f. Pedestrian comfort should be a primary consideration of Thoroughfare design and dimensions. Design conflict between vehicular, bicycle and pedestrian movement should be decided in favor of the pedestrian.

3.8.2 Thoroughfares

- a. The guidelines for Thoroughfares are as described in Article 8.
- b. The Thoroughfare network should be designed to prioritize connectivity, defining Blocks not exceeding an average perimeter length of 1,320 feet. The length shall be measured as the sum of Lot Frontage Lines. Thoroughfare closings should not be allowed; instead, traffic calming designs should be deployed to control traffic volume and speed.
- c. All Thoroughfares should terminate at other Thoroughfares, to form a network. Cul-de-sacs should be permitted only when supported by natural site conditions. Thoroughfares that provide View Corridors shall not be vacated.
- d. In T5 and T6 Zones, Public and Private Frontages should be coordinated with a single paving and landscape design as provided in Article 4, Table 6 and Article 8.

3.8.3 Public Frontages

- a. Public Frontages should be designed as shown in Article 4, Table 6 and allocated within Transect Zones as specified in Article 4, Table 2.
- b. Within the Public Frontages, the arrangement of street trees and street lights should be as provided in Article 8.
- c. The Public Frontage in Transect Zones T1, T2 and T3 should include trees of various species, and

may include low maintenance understory landscape. The introduced landscape should consist primarily of native species requiring minimal irrigation, fertilization and maintenance.

- d. The Public Frontage in Transect Zones T4, T5, T6 and D1 should include trees planted in a regularly-spaced Allée of single or alternated species with shade canopies of a height that, at maturity, clears the first Story. The introduced landscape should consist primarily of durable species tolerant of soil compaction.

3.8.4 Vision Clearance

3.8.4.1 Intent; “Material Impediment to Visibility” construed.

It is the intent of these regulations to provide protection from traffic hazards at intersections for automotive vehicles and their passengers, and for cyclists and pedestrians, including small children. Given this intent, the phrase “Material Impediment to Visibility,” as used here, is to be construed as any material obstruction to Visibility which would result in concealment of a child over two and one-half (2 1/2) feet in height approaching an intersection, or would conceal an approaching automotive vehicle or cyclist from such a child. In determinations as to whether or not there is Material Impediment to Visibility, the speed, direction, and duration of movement to point of potential collision or contact shall be considered.

Adjacent to Thoroughfares, nothing shall be erected, placed, planted, or allowed to grow in such a manner as to form a Material Impediment to Visibility between the heights of two and one-half (2 1/2) feet and ten (10) feet above the street grade level within Visibility Triangles described below:

- a. At Thoroughfare intersections with Building Setbacks:
Visibility Triangles shall be maintained to include an area bounded by the first twenty-five (25) feet along the intersecting edges of the right-of-way (or Base Building Line) projected where rounded, and a line running across the Lot and connecting the ends of such twenty-five-foot lines. See Article 4, Table 8.
- b. At intersections of driveways with Thoroughfares with Building Setbacks:
Visibility Triangles shall be maintained to include an area bounded by the first ten (10) feet along the intersecting edges of the Base Building Line and the driveway, projected where rounded, and a line running across any intervening right-of-way and the Lot and connecting the ends of such ten-foot lines. See Article 4, Table 8.
- c. At Thoroughfare intersections with Buildings with no Setbacks:
Visibility Triangles shall be maintained to include an area bounded by the first ten (10) feet along the intersecting edges of the Base Building Line, projected where rounded, and a line running across the Lot and connecting the ends of such ten-foot lines. See Article 4, Table 8.
- d. At intersections of driveways with Thoroughfares with no Building Setbacks:
Visibility triangles shall be maintained to include an area bounded by the first five (5) feet along the intersecting edges of the Base Building Line and driveway, projected where rounded, and a line running across any intervening right-of-way and the Lot and connecting the ends of such five-foot lines. See Article 4, Table 8.
- e. At all Thoroughfare intersections:

Visibility Triangles shall be maintained to include an area bounded by the first ten (10) feet along the intersecting edges of the Base Building Line, projected where rounded, and a line running across the Lot and connecting the ends of such ten-foot lines. See Article 4, Table 8.

3.8.4.2. Variances prohibited.

No Variances from the provisions of Section 3.8.4 are permitted.

3.9 SPECIAL AREA PLANS

The purpose of a Special Area Plan is to allow parcels greater than nine (9) Abutting acres in size to be master planned so as to allow greater integration of public improvements and Infrastructure, and greater flexibility so as to result in higher or specialized quality building and Streetscape design within the Special Area Plan.

The purpose of a Special Area Plan further is to encourage the assembly and master planning of parcels greater than nine (9) Abutting acres in size, in order to provide greater integration of public and private improvements and Infrastructure; to enable Thoroughfare connectivity; to encourage a variety of Building Heights, massing and Streetscape design, and to provide high quality design elements, all in order to further the intent of this Code expressed in Article 2.

3.9.1 General

- a. The single or multiple owner(s) of Abutting properties in excess of nine (9) acres may apply for a rezoning to a Special Area Plan.
- b. A Special Area Plan shall be approved by the process of rezoning with or without Transect changes.
- c. A Special Area Plan shall assign Thoroughfares, Transect Zones and Civic Space Types, with appropriate transitions to Abutting areas. Guidelines for Thoroughfares and Public Frontages may be adjusted to the particular circumstances of the Special Area Plan.
- d. A Special Area Plan shall include a map of the Thoroughfares and Transect Zones, and the standards that deviate from the requirements of Article 5.
- e. A Special Area Plan shall assign at least five percent (5%) of its aggregated Lot Area to a Civic Space Type. Civic Building sites are to be located within or adjacent to Civic Space Types or at the axial termination of significant Thoroughfares. The developer shall be responsible for constructing the public improvements within the Special Area Plan, including but not limited to the Civic Space Types and Thoroughfares.
- f. Development within the Special Area Plan shall be pursuant to a recorded development agreement that will establish the allocation of Thoroughfares and Civic Space Types and Building Area among the Building sites, and the creation and retention of the public benefits.
- g. Unless a Building is specifically approved as part of the Special Area Plan, any Building shall be reviewed by the Planning Director, after referral to and recommendation from the CRC for

3.11**WATERFRONT STANDARDS**

In addition to the Miami City Charter requirements, the following Setback, walkways and waterfront standards shall apply to all waterfront properties within the City of Miami, except as modifications to these standards for all waterfront properties may be approved by the City Commission pursuant to the procedures established in the City Charter.

All Miami riverfront properties shall include water-related uses across all Transect Zones except T3.

a. Waterfront Setbacks

1. Waterfront Setbacks shall be a minimum of fifty (50) feet measured from the mean high water line provided along any waterfront, except where the depth of the Lot is less than two-hundred (200) feet the Setback shall be a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the Lot depth; and except for T3, T4-R, D1, D2 and D3 Transect Zones where a minimum Setback of twenty (20) feet shall be provided, except where the depth of the Lot is less than eighty (80) feet the Setback shall be a minimum of twenty-five percent (25%) of the Lot depth. These requirements shall not apply to Marine Related Industrial Establishments along the Miami River. Within D1, D2 and D3 Transect Zones facilities may span across man-made slips with a Structure to conduct marine-related commercial and industrial activities.
2. Side Setbacks shall be equal in aggregate to at least twenty-five percent (25%) of the water frontage of each Lot based on average Lot Width, to allow View Corridors open from ground to sky and to allow public access to the waterfront; except for T3, T4-R, D1, D2 and D3 Transect Zones.

b. Waterfront Walkways Design Standards:

1. Waterfront walkways shall be designed and constructed within the waterfront Setbacks in accordance with these Waterfront Walkway Design Standards and should remain open to public access during all times, but at a minimum, shall remain open to the public between 6am through 10pm. Waterfront walkways are not required within Transect Zones T3, T4-R, D1, D2 and D3 unless the site is a new Commercial retail, Office or restaurant Use.
2. Waterfront walkways shall feel public, meet all Americans with Disabilities Act (A.D.A.) requirements throughout the entire length of the waterfront walkway and provide unobstructed visual access to the water.
3. Waterfront walkways shall connect to abutting public walkways, neighboring walkways, and Open Space at a consistent A.D.A. compliant width and grade to allow clear pedestrian circulation along the water's edge.
4. The waterfront walkway surface shall remain at a constant elevation and be accessible to handicapped persons throughout the entire length of the waterfront walkway. Walkways should have a slight grade away from the bulkhead edge for stormwater retention within the transition zone.
5. The total width of a waterfront walkway shall be a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet and built to the standards and guidelines outlined in Waterfront Design Guidelines, on Appendix B.

e. NRD Land Development Regulations

The requirements of this Code shall be effective in the NRD except as modified by the regulations of the revitalization plan and any proposed regulations or design guidelines adopted by the City Commission upon designation of the NRD. The ordinance designating the NRD shall be referenced in this Code, with any specific regulations and design guidelines of the NRD adopted by reference to this Code and maintained in the Planning and Zoning Department.

f. NRD-1 Wynwood Neighborhood Revitalization District

The Wynwood NRD-1, originally adopted by Ord. No. 13561, on September 24, 2015, is hereby amended and codified in Appendix J to this Code.

3.13**SUSTAINABILITY****3.13.1 General**

- a. Landscape requirements are as required in Article 9 of this Code and the City of Miami Tree Protection regulations of Chapter 17 of the City Code, except that where this Code is more restrictive than the Tree Protection regulations, this Code shall apply.
- b. All new Buildings of more than 50,000 square feet of Habitable Rooms or Habitable Space in the T5, T6, CI and CS zones shall be at a minimum certified as Silver by the United States Green Building Council (USGBC) Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) standards or equivalent standards adopted or approved by the City.
 1. At the time of Building Permit application, the owner shall submit:
 - (a) Proof of registration with the Green Building Certification Institute, or equivalent agency;
 - (b) A signed and sealed affidavit from a LEED Accredited Professional, or applicable designation, stating that the proposed Building is designed to achieve the required certification; and
 - (c) A LEED Scorecard, or equivalent document, identifying anticipated credits to be achieved.
 2. At the time of Certificate of Occupancy application, the owner shall submit:
 - (a) Proof of certification by the Green Building Certification Institute, or equivalent agency;
 - (b) A bond posted in a form acceptable to the City, in the amount indicated below;
 - (i) Two percent (2%) of the total cost of construction for a 50,000 - 100,000 square feet Building;
 - (ii) Three percent (3%) of the total cost of construction for a 100,001 - 200,000 square feet Building;
 - (iii) Four percent (4%) of the total cost of construction for any Building greater than 200,000 square feet; or

- (c) Proof of partial compliance from the Green Building Certification Institute, or applicable agency, which demonstrates the credits presently achieved. In addition, a prorated portion of the full bond amount, as indicated in subsection 2(b) above, shall be posted based on the number of remaining credits needed to meet minimum certification requirements. The bond amount to be posted shall be calculated as follows:

$$(\text{credits remaining for certification} / \text{credits required for certification}) \times \text{full bond amount} = \text{prorated bond amount}$$

3. Forfeiture of Bond

A bond under this Section 3.13.1 shall be forfeited to the City in the event that the Building does not meet the for LEED Silver certification or applicable certification. The City will draw down on the bond funds upon failure of the owner to submit proof of LEED Silver certification in a form acceptable to the City within one (1) year of the City's issuance of the Certificate of Occupancy for the Building. If required certification is not achieved but a majority of the credits have been verified, the owner shall forfeit a portion of the bond based on any outstanding credits which shall be calculated as follows:

$$(\text{credits remaining for certification} / \text{credits required for certification}) \times \text{full bond amount} = \text{bond amount forfeited}$$

If the amount to be forfeited is greater than fifty percent (50%) of the full bond amount, the bond shall be forfeited in its entirety. Funds that become available to the City from the forfeiture of the bond shall be placed in the Miami 21 Public Benefits Trust Fund established by this Code.

- c. Affordable Housing Developments that qualify under Section 3.15, may elect to comply with the sustainability requirements promulgated by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, or its successor agency, in lieu of the requirements set forth in Section 3.13.1.b above.
- d. The preservation of Natural Features of land such as trees, vegetation, geological, and other characteristics and the preservation of features of archaeological significance are declared to be in the public interest. Said preservation may justify the relaxation of Setbacks or required Off-street Parking by Waiver. The Zoning Administrator shall determine that the trees, vegetation, geological and other natural characteristic, or archaeological features are in the Buildable Area of the Site and not in Setback areas required for the development of the site.

3.13.2 Heat Island Effect

The intent of this section is to reduce the heat island effect in the City of Miami and to consequently reduce energy consumption and bills for buildings within the City.

a. Applicability

In all Transect Zones, except T3, the provisions of this section are applicable to all new construction and to repair or replacement greater than fifty percent (50%) by area of existing roofs or site Hardscape. All repairs or replacement of existing roofing or Hardscape shall be reviewed by the Zoning Department for compliance with this section. The following portions of new or existing roofs are exempted from the requirements of section 3.13.2:

1. The portion of the roof acting as a substructure for and covered by a rooftop deck, vegetation associated with an extensive or intensive green roof as defined by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, or any area of a roof utilized by photovoltaic and solar equipment.
 2. A rooftop deck covering a maximum of 1/3 of the rooftop total gross area.
 3. Existing roofs where less than fifty percent (50%) of existing roof area is repaired or replaced are exempt from the requirements of 3.13.2.c.
 4. Existing Hardscapes where less than fifty percent (50%) of existing Hardscape area is being repaired or replaced are exempt from the requirements of 3.13.2.d.
- b. Solar Reflectance

1. For roofing materials, all roof exterior surfaces and building materials used to comply with this section, shall have a minimum Solar Reflectance as specified in sections 3.13.2.c and 3.13.2.d when (i) tested in accordance with ASTM E903 or ASTM E1918, (ii) tested with a portable reflectometer at near ambient conditions, (iii) labeled by the Cool Roof Rating Council, or (iv) labeled as an Energy Star qualified roof product. Any product that has been rated by the Cool Roof Rating Council or by Energy Star shall display a label verifying the rating of the product.
2. For paving materials, all paving materials used to comply with this section shall have a minimum solar reflectance as specified in sections 3.13.2.d when (i) tested in accordance with ASTM E903 or ASTM E1918, (ii) tested with a portable reflectometer at near ambient conditions, or (iii) default values of Solar Reflectance for listed materials may be used as follows:

Material	Solar Reflectance
Typical new gray concrete	0.35
Typical weathered gray concrete	0.20
Typical new white concrete	0.40
Typical weathered white concrete	0.40
New asphalt	0.05
Weathered asphalt	0.10

c. Roof

1. Requirements for Low Sloped Roofs

Roofing materials used in roofs with slopes of a rise of zero (0) units in a horizontal length (0:12 pitch) up to and including roofs with slopes of a rise of two (2) units in a horizontal length of 12 units (2:12 units) ("low-sloped") shall meet the following requirements:

- (a) Low-sloped roofs constructed as part of a new building shall utilize roofing products that meet or exceed an initial reflectance value of 0.72 or a three-year installed reflectance value of 0.5 as determined by the Cool Roof Rating Council or by Energy Star.

- (b) Exception. Where more than 50% of the total gross area of the low-sloped roof is covered with vegetation associated with an extensive or intensive green roof as defined by the US EPA, the remainder of the roof shall have a reflectance value of a minimum of 0.30 and the rooftop deck exception in section 3.13.2.a.1 applies.
- (c) Exception. Ballasted roofs with a minimum of 15 lbs/sq. ft. or ballast over the entire roof surface may have a reflectance value of a minimum of 0.30. For the purposes of this section, "ballast" shall mean river rock aggregate or larger, pavers or other means of weighing down a roofing membrane over a substrate to resist wind uplift.

2. Requirements for Steep Sloped Roofs

Roofing materials used in roofs with slopes of a rise greater than two (2) units in a horizontal length (2:12 pitch) ("steep-sloped") shall meet the following requirements:

- (a) Steep sloped roofs shall have an initial Solar Reflectance of 0.15 or greater.

3. Requirements for Roofs with Multiple Slopes

Roofs with multiple slopes shall be subject to those requirements applicable to the slope which covers the largest area of the building footprint.

g. Non-roof Requirements

- 1. Provide any combination of the following strategies for fifty percent (50%) of the site Hard-scape:
 - (a) Shade from solar panels or roofing materials with a Solar Reflectance of at least 0.30.
 - (b) Shade from trees within five (5) years of occupancy.
 - (c) Paving materials with a Solar Reflectance of at least 0.30.
 - (d) Pervious Pavement System.

OR

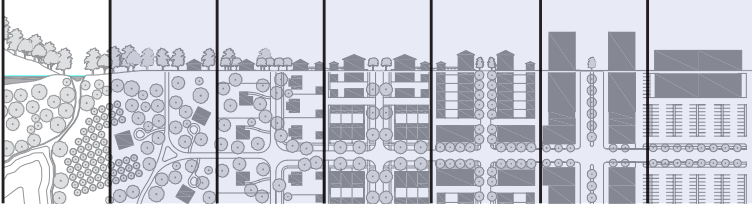
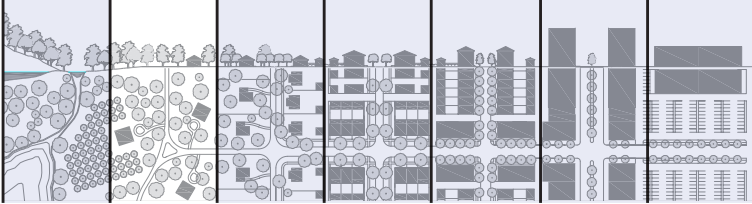
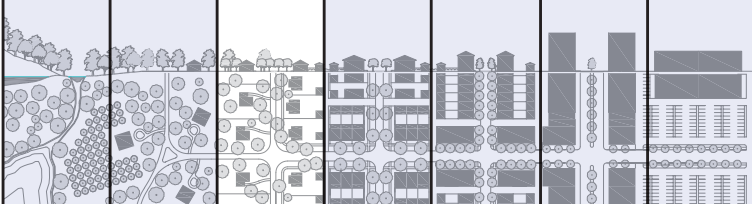
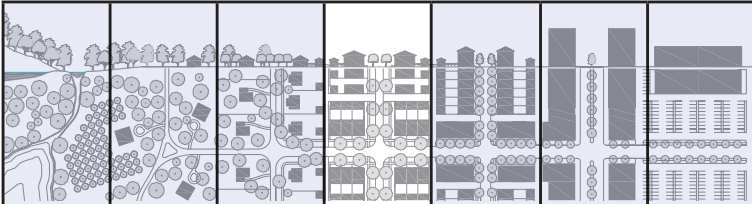
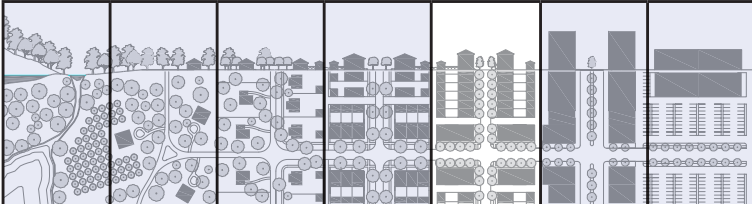
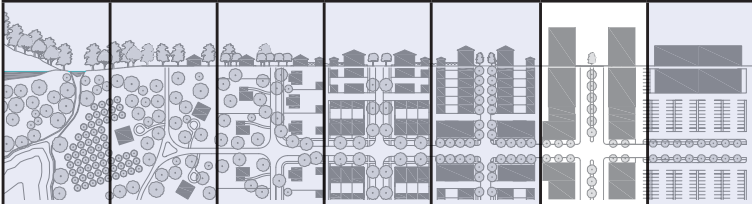
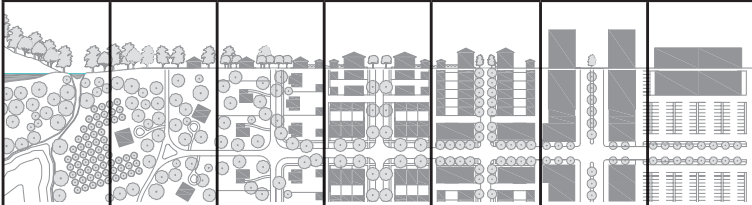
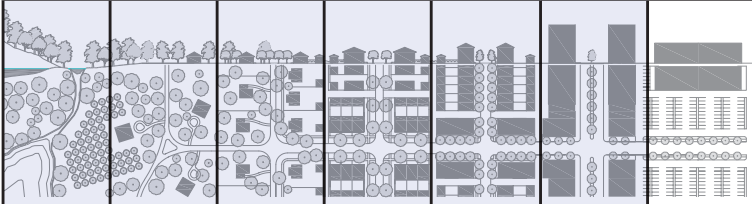
- 2. Place a minimum of fifty-percent (50%) of parking spaces under cover (defined as underground, under deck, under roof, or under building). Any roof used to shade or cover parking must have a Solar Reflectance of at least 0.30.

3.14 PUBLIC BENEFITS PROGRAM

The intent of the Public Benefits Program established in this section is to allow bonus Building Height and FLR in T6 Zones and bonus Building Height in D1 Zones in exchange for the developer's contribution to specified programs that provide benefits to the public.

- 3.14.1** The bonus Height and FLR shall be permitted if the proposed Development contributes toward the specified public benefits, above that which is otherwise required by this Code, in the amount and in the manner as set forth herein.

AS ADOPTED - JANUARY 2018

T1	THE NATURAL ZONE consists of lands approximating a wilderness condition, permanently set aside for conservation in an essentially natural state.	
T2	THE RURAL ZONE consists of lands in open or cultivated state or sparsely settled. These include woodland, grassland and agricultural land.	
T3	THE SUB-URBAN ZONE consists of low-Density areas, primarily comprised of Single-Family and Two Family residential units with relatively deep Setbacks, Streetscapes with swales, and with or without Side-walks. Blocks may be large and the roads may be of irregular geometry to accommodate natural and historic conditions.	
T4	THE GENERAL URBAN ZONE consists of a Mixed-Use but primarily residential urban fabric with a range of Building types including rowhouses, small apartment Buildings, and bungalow courts. Setbacks are short with an urban Streetscape of wide Sidewalks and trees in planters. Thoroughfares typically define medium-sized blocks.	
T5	THE URBAN CENTER ZONE consists of higher Density Mixed-Use Building types that accommodate retail and office Uses, rowhouses and apartments. A network of small blocks has Thoroughfares with wide Sidewalks, steady street tree planting and Buildings set close to the Frontages with frequent doors and windows.	
T6	THE URBAN CORE ZONE consists of the highest Density and greatest variety of Uses, including Civic Buildings of regional importance. A network of small blocks has Thoroughfares with wide Sidewalks, with steady tree planting and Buildings set close to the Frontage with frequent doors and windows.	
C	THE CIVIC ZONE consists of public use space and facilities that may contrast in use to their surroundings while reflecting adjacent Setbacks and landscape.	
D	THE DISTRICT ZONE consists of the least regulated Building and accommodates commercial and industrial Uses of a scale and with a Streetscape that facilitate vehicular access.	

AS ADOPTED - JANUARY 2018

ARTICLE 4. TABLE 2 MIAMI 21 SUMMARY

R U R A L								
	T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6-8	T6-12	T6-24
	NATURAL ZONE	RURAL ZONE	SUB-URBAN ZONE	GENERAL URBAN ZONE	URBAN CENTER ZONE	URBAN CORE ZONES		
LOT OCCUPATION								
a. Lot Area			5,000 s.f. min.	1,400 s.f. - 20,000 s.f. **	1,200 s.f. - 40,000 s.f.**	5,000 sf. min 40,000 s.f. max.**	5,000 sf. min. 70,000 s.f. max.**	5,000 sf. min. 100,000 s.f.max. **
b. Lot Width			50 ft. min.	16 ft. min / 50 ft. min.**	16 ft. min / 50 ft. min.**	50 ft. min.	50 ft. min.	50 ft. min.
c. Lot Coverage			50% max. 1st Floor 30% max. 2nd Floor for T3 R & T3L only	60% max.	80% max.	80% max.**	80% max.**	80% max.**
d. Floor Lot Ratio (FLR)						5 / 25% additional Public Benefit ***	8 / 30% additional Public Benefit ***	a. 7 / 30% additional Public Benefit or b.16 / 40% additional Public Benefit ***
e. Frontage at front Setback				50% min.	70% min.	70% min.	70% min.	70% min.
f. Green / Open Space Requirements			25% Lot Area min.	15% Lot Area min.	10% Lot Area min.	10% Lot Area min.	10% Lot Area min.	10% Lot Area min.
g. Density			9-18 du/acre max.**	36 du/acre max.	65 du/acre max.	150 du /acre *	150 du /acre *	150 du /acre *
BUILDING SETBACK								
a. Principal Front			20 ft. min.	10 ft.min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.
b. Secondary Front			10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.	10 ft. min.
c. Side			5 ft. min.**	0 ft. min. / 5 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**
d. Rear			20 ft. min.	20 ft. min.	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**	0 ft. min.**
OUTBUILDING SETBACK								
a. Principal Front			20 ft. min. (T3 L only)	30 ft. min.				
b. Secondary Front			10 ft. min. (T3 L only)	10 ft. min.				
c. Side			5 ft. min. (T3 L only)	0 ft. min. / 5 ft. min.				
d. Rear			5 ft. min. (T3 L only)	5 ft. min.				
PRIVATE FRONTAGES								
a. Common Lawn			permitted	permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
b. Porch & Fence			permitted	permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
c. Terrace or L.C.			prohibited	permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
d. Forecourt			prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
e. Stoop			prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
f. Shopfront			prohibited	permitted (T4 L, T4 O)	permitted (T5 L, T5 O)	permitted (T6-8 L, T6-8 O)	permitted (T6-12 L, T6-12 O)	permitted (T6-24 L, T6-24 O)
g. Gallery			prohibited	prohibited	permitted **	permitted **	permitted **	permitted **
h. Arcade			prohibited	prohibited	permitted **	permitted **	permitted **	permitted **
BUILDING HEIGHT (Stories)								
a. Principal Building			2 max.	3 max.	2 min. 5 max.	2 min. 8 max.	2 min. 12 max.	2 min. 24 max.
b. Outbuilding			2 max.	2 max.				
c. Benefit Height Abutting T6, T5 & T4 only					1 max. **	4 max.**	8 max.**	24 max.**
THOROUGHFARES								
a. HW & RR			permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
b. BV			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
c. SR			permitted	permitted	prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted
d. RS			permitted	permitted	prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted
e. SS & AV			prohibited	prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
f. CS & AV			prohibited	prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
g. Rear Lane			permitted	permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
h. Rear Alley			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
i. Path			permitted	permitted	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited	prohibited
j. Passage			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
k. Bicycle Path			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
l. Bicycle Lane			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
m. Bicycle Route			permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
n. Sharrow			prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted	permitted
o. Priority Bicycle Route			permitted	permitted	prohibited	permitted	permitted	permitted

* Or as modified in Diagram 9

**** Note: Refer to Article 5 for Specific Transect Zone Regulations**

*** Note: Bonus shall not be available for T6 properties abutting T3 properties (refer to Article 3)

	T3 SUB-URBAN			T4 URBAN GENERAL			T5 URBAN CENTER			T6 URBAN CORE			C CIVIC			D DISTRICTS		
	R	L	O	R	L	O	R	L	O	R	L	O	CS	CI	CI-HD	D1	D2	D3
DENSITY (UNITS PER ACRE)	9	9	18	36	36	36	65	65	65	150*	150*	150*	N/A	AZ**	150*	36	N/A	N/A
RESIDENTIAL																		
SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENCE	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R						
COMMUNITY RESIDENCE	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R			R			
ANCILLARY UNIT		R		R	R	R												
TWO FAMILY RESIDENCE			R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R						
MULTI FAMILY HOUSING				R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R			R			
DORMITORY					E	E		R	R		R	R		E	R			
HOME OFFICE	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R			R			
LIVE - WORK					R	R		R	R		R	R			R			
WORK - LIVE															R	R		
LODGING																		
BED & BREAKFAST				W	R	R	E	R	R	E	R	R			R	R		
INN						R		R	R	E	R	R			R	R		
HOTEL								R	R		R	R			R			
OFFICE																		
OFFICE					R	R		R	R		R	R		E	R	R	R	W
COMMERCIAL																		
AUTO-RELATED COMMERCIAL ESTAB.									W		W	W				R	R	
ENTERTAINMENT ESTABLISHMENT						R		W	R		R	R				R	R	
ENTERTAINMENT ESTAB. - ADULT																	R	
FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT					R	R		R	R	W	R	R	W	E	R	R	R	W
ALCOHOL BEVERAGE SERVICE ESTAB.					E	E		E	E		E	E			E	E	E	E
GENERAL COMMERCIAL					R	R		R	R	W	R	R	E	E	R	R	R	W
MARINE RELATED COMMERCIAL ESTAB.								W	W		W	W	E			R	R	R
OPEN AIR RETAIL								W	W		W	W	W	E	R	R	R	W
PLACE OF ASSEMBLY								R	R	E	R	R		E	E	R	R	W
RECREATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT								R	R		R	R		E	R	R	R	W
CIVIC																		
COMMUNITY FACILITY					W	W		W	W		W	W	W	E	W	R	R	
RECREATIONAL FACILITY	E	E	E	E	R	R	E	R	R	E	R	R	W	E	W	R	R	
RELIGIOUS FACILITY	E	E	E	E	R	R	E	R	R	E	R	R	W	E	R	R	R	W
REGIONAL ACTIVITY COMPLEX												E		E	E			
CIVIL SUPPORT																		
COMMUNITY SUPPORT FACILITY					W	W		W	W		W	W		E	E	R	R	W
INFRASTRUCTURE AND UTILITIES	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	E	W	W	R	W
MAJOR FACILITY														E	R	E	E	E
MARINA				E	W	W	E	W	W	E	W	W	R	E		R	R	R
PUBLIC PARKING					W	W	E	W	W	E	W	W		E	R	R	R	W
RESCUE MISSION														E	R	E	W	W
TRANSIT FACILITIES					W	W	E	W	W	E	W	W		E	R	R	R	W
EDUCATIONAL																		
CHILDCARE				E	W	W	E	W	W	W	W	W	E	E	R	E		
COLLEGE / UNIVERSITY								W	W		W	W		E	R	E		
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	W	W	E	W	W		E	R	E		
LEARNING CENTER					E	E		R	R		R	R	E	E	R	E		
MIDDLE / HIGH SCHOOL	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	W	W	E	W	W		E	R	E		
PRE-SCHOOL	E	E	E	E	E	E	E	R	R	E	R	R		E	R	E		
RESEARCH FACILITY					R	R		R	R		R	R		E	R	R	R	W
SPECIAL TRAINING / VOCATIONAL						E		W	W		W	W		E	R	R	R	W
INDUSTRIAL																		
AUTO-RELATED INDUSTRIAL ESTBL.																R	R	W
MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING																R	R	W
MARINE RELATED INDUSTRIAL ESTBL.																R	R	R
PRODUCTS AND SERVICES																R	R	W
STORAGE/ DISTRIBUTION FACILITY																R	R	W

R Allowed By Right

W Allowed By Warrant: Administrative Process - CRC (Coordinated Review Committee)

E Allowed By Exception: Public Hearing - granted by PZAB (Planning, Zoning & Appeals Board)

Boxes with no designation signify Use prohibited.

Uses may be further modified by Supplemental Regulations, State Regulations, or other provisions of this Code. See City Code Chapter 4 for regulations related to Alcohol Beverage Service Estab.

* Additional densities in some T6 zones are illustrated in Diagram 9.

** AZ: Density of lowest Abutting Zone

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 – 1,000 UNITS PER ACRE *
RESIDENTIAL	Residential Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1.5 parking spaces per Dwelling Unit. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 Dwelling Units. • Adult Family-Care Homes - Minimum 1 space per staff member and 1 space per 4 residents. • Community Residence - Minimum of 1 parking space per staff member in addition to the parking required for the principal Dwelling Unit(s). • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • In T6-60 & T6-80, parking for residential Uses located within 1,000 feet of a Metrorail or Metromover station shall not be required. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Residential Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1.5 parking spaces per Dwelling Unit. • Maximum of 1 parking space per Micro Dwelling Unit, with a maximum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 Micro Dwelling Units. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 Dwelling Units. • Live-work - Work component shall provide parking as required by the non-residential use in addition to parking required for the Dwelling Unit. • Adult Family-Care Homes- Minimum 1 space per staff member and 1 space per 4 residents. • Community Residence- Minimum of 1 parking space per staff member in addition to the parking required for the principal Dwelling Unit(s). • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • In T6-60 & T6-80, parking for residential Uses located within 1,000 feet of a Metrorail or Metromover station shall not be required. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Residential Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1.5 parking spaces per Dwelling Unit. • Maximum of 1 parking space per Micro Dwelling Unit, with a maximum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 Micro Dwelling Units. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 Dwelling Units. • Live-work - Work component shall provide parking as required by the non-residential use in addition to parking required for the Dwelling Unit. • Adult Family-Care Homes- Minimum 1 space per staff member and 1 space per 4 residents. • Community Residence- Minimum of 1 parking space per staff member in addition to the parking required for the principal Dwelling Unit(s). • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • In T6-60 & T6-80, parking for residential Uses located within 1,000 feet of a Metrorail or Metromover station shall not be required. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5
LODGING	Lodging Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 2 lodging units. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 lodging units. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Lodging Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 2 lodging units. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 10 lodging units. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Lodging Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 2 lodging units. • Minimum of 1 additional visitor parking space for every 15 lodging units. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5

* Or as modified in Diagram 9

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *
OFFICE		Office Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: - The Building area allowed for office use on each lot is limited to four Stories of the Principal Building and Office and Commercial Uses shall be less than 25% of Building floor area total. - Minimum of 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of office use. - In T6-24, T6-36 and T6-48 a minimum of 1 parking space for every 800 square feet of office use shall be provided - In T6-60 and T6-80, a minimum of 1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of office use shall be provided - Parking requirement may be reduced according to the Shared Parking Standard, Article 4, Table 5. - Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. - Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. - Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. - Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Office Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3. - Minimum of 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of office use. - In T6-24, T6-36 and T6-48, a minimum of 1 parking space for every 800 square feet of office use shall be provided - In T6-60 and T6-80, a minimum of 1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of office use shall be provided - Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. - Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. - Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. - Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. - Loading - See Article 4, Table 5
COMMERCIAL	Commercial Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: - Commercial establishments limited to a maximum area of 4,000 square feet each and shall be less than 25% building floor area total. - The Building area allowed for commercial use on each lot is limited to the first two Stories of the Principal Building. - Minimum of 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of commercial use. - Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. - Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. - Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Commercial Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: - The Building area allowed for Commercial Use on each lot is limited to two Stories of the Principal Building and Office and Commercial Uses shall be less than 25% of Building floor area total. - A maximum area of 55,000 square feet per establishment. - Minimum of 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of commercial use. - Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. - Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. - Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. - Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. - Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Commercial Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: - A maximum area of 55,000 square feet per establishment, except for Public Storage Facilities. - Minimum of 3 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of commercial use, except for Public Storage Facilities, minimum 1 parking space for every 10,000 square feet with a minimum of 8 parking spaces. - Parking requirement may be reduced according to the Shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5, except for Public Storage Facilities. - Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. - Auto-related - Drive-Thru or Drive-In Facilities - See Article 6. - Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. - Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. - Loading - See Article 4, Table 5

* Or as modified in Diagram 9

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *
CIVIC	Civic Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly uses. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of exhibition or recreation area, and parking spaces for other Uses as required. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Civic Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly uses. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of exhibition or recreation area, and parking spaces for other Uses as required. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Civic Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly uses. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 1,000 square feet of exhibition or recreation area, and parking spaces for other Uses as required. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5
CIVIL SUPPORT	Civil Support Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 800 square feet of Civil Support Use; or • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly use; or • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 slips of marine use; or • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Civil Support Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 1000 square feet of Civil Support Use. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly use. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 slips of marine use. • Adult Daycare - Minimum of 1 space per staff member. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Civil Support Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 1000 square feet of Civil Support Use. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 seats of assembly use. • Minimum of 1 parking space for every 5 slips of marine use. • Adult Daycare - Minimum of 1 space per staff member. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the shared parking standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5

* Please refer to Diagram 9

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *
EDUCATIONAL	Educational Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 2 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of Educational Use. • Schools – Minimum of 1 parking space for each faculty or staff member, 1 visitor parking space per 100 students, 1 parking space per 5 students in grades 11 and 12. • Childcare Facilities- Minimum of 1 space for the owner/ operator and 1 space for each employee, and 1 drop-off space for every 10 clients cared for. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the Shared Parking Standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Educational Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 2 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of Educational Use. • Schools – Minimum of 1 parking space for each faculty or staff member, 1 visitor parking space per 100 students, 1 parking space per 5 students in grades 11 and 12 or College/University. • Childcare Facilities- Minimum of 1 space for the owner/ operator and 1 space for each employee, and 1 drop-off space for every 10 clients cared for. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the Shared Parking Standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5	Educational Uses are permissible as listed in Table 3, limited by compliance with: • Minimum of 2 parking spaces for every 1,000 square feet of Educational Use. • Schools – Minimum of 1 parking space for each faculty or staff member, 1 visitor parking space per 100 students, 1 parking space per 5 students in grades 11 and 12 or College/University. • Childcare Facilities- Minimum of 1 space for the owner/ operator and 1 space for each employee, and 1 drop-off space for every 10 clients cared for. • Parking requirement may be reduced according to the Shared Parking Standard, Article 4, Table 5. • Minimum of 1 Bicycle Rack Space for every 20 vehicular spaces required. • Except for sites within 500 feet of an ungated T3 Transect Zone, the parking ratio may be reduced within a TOD area or within a Transit Corridor area by up to thirty percent (30%) by process of Waiver; by up to fifty percent (50%) by process of Waiver and payment into a transit enhancement Trust Fund, as established by Chapter 35 of the City Code; or by one hundred percent (100%) for any Structure with a Floor Area of ten thousand (10,000) square feet or less. • Parking may be provided by ownership or lease offsite within 1,000 feet by process of Waiver, except when site is within 500 feet of T3. • Loading - See Article 4, Table 5

SHARED PARKING STANDARDS

SHARING FACTOR

Function	with		Function
RESIDENTIAL			RESIDENTIAL
LODGING			LODGING
OFFICE			OFFICE
COMMERCIAL			COMMERCIAL

		1			
		1.1	1.1		
	1.4	1	1	1.4	
12	1.7	1	1.7	12	
	1.3	1	1.3		
	12		12		
		1			

The shared Parking Standards Table provides the method for calculating shared parking for buildings with more than one Use type. It refers to the parking requirements that appear in Table 4.

The parking required for any two Functions on a Lot is calculated by dividing the number of spaces required by the lesser of the two uses by the appropriate factor from this Table and adding the result to the greater use parking requirement.

For instance: for a building with a Residential Use requiring 100 spaces and a Commercial Use requiring 20 spaces, the 20 spaces divided by the sharing factor of 1.2 would reduce the total requirement to 100 plus 17 spaces. For uses not indicated in this chart on a mixed use lot a sharing factor of 1.1 shall be allowed. Additional sharing is allowed by Warrant.

OFF-STREET PARKING STANDARDS

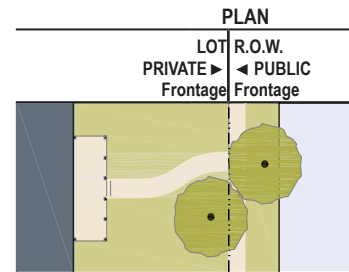
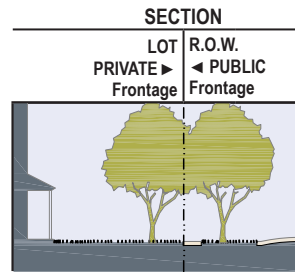
ANGLE OF PARKING	ACCESS AISLE WIDTH		
	ONE WAY TRAFFIC SINGLE LOADED	ONE WAY TRAFFIC DOUBLE LOADED	TWO WAY TRAFFIC DOUBLE LOADED
90	23 ft	23 ft	23 ft
60	12.8 ft	11.8 ft	19.3 ft
45	10.8 ft	9.5 ft	18.5 ft
Parallel	10 ft	10 ft	20 ft

Standard stall: 8.5 ft x 18 ft minimum

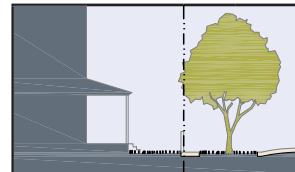
- Driveways shall have a minimum of 10 feet of paved width of a one-way drive and 20 feet for a two-way drive for parking area providing 10 or more stalls.
- Pedestrian entrances shall be at least 3 feet from stall, driveway or access aisle.
- Allowable slopes, paving, and drainage as per Florida Building Code.
- Off-street Parking facilities shall have a minimum vertical clearance of 7 feet. Where such a facility is to be used by trucks or loading Uses, the minimum clearance shall be 12 feet Residential and 15 feet Commercial and Industrial.
- Ingress vehicular control devices shall be located so as to provide a minimum driveway of 20 feet in length between the Base Building Line and dispenser.
- For requirements of parking lots, refer to Article 9 and the City of Miami Off-street Parking Guides and Standards.

LOADING BERTH STANDARDS	T5, T6, CS, CI-HD & CI	DISTRICT	NOTES			
RESIDENTIAL*	From 25,000 sf to 500,000 sf		Berth Types Residential*: 200 sf = 10 ft x 20 ft x 12 ft Commercial**: 420 sf = 12 ft x 35 ft x 15 ft Industrial***: 660 sf= 12 ft x 55 ft x 15 ft * Residential loading berths shall be set back a distance equal to their length. ** 1 Commercial berth may be substituted by 2 Residential berths *** 1 Industrial berth may be substituted by 2 Commercial berths. A required Industrial or Commercial loading berth may be substituted by a Commercial or Residential loading berth, by Waiver, if the size, character, and operation of the Use is found to not require the dimensions specified and the required loading berth dimension could not otherwise be provided according to the regulations of this Code.			
	Berth Size 420 sf 200 sf	Loading Berths 1 per first 100 units 1 per each additional 100 units or fraction of 100.				
	Greater than 500,000 sf					
	Berth Size 660 sf 200 sf	Loading Berths 1 per first 100 units 1 per each additional 100 units or fraction of 100.				
LODGING	From 25,000 sf to 500,000 sf		From 25,000 sf to 500,000 sf			
	Berth Size 420 sf 200 sf	Loading Berths 1 per 300 rooms 1 per 100 rooms		Berth Size 420 sf 200 sf	L o a d i n g Berths 1 per 300 rooms 1 per 100 rooms	
	Greater than 500,000 sf			Greater than 500,000 sf		
	Berth Size 660 sf 200 sf	Loading Berths 1 per 300 rooms 1 per 100 rooms		Berth Size 660 sf 200 sf	L o a d i n g Berths 1 per 300 rooms 1 per 100 rooms	
OFFICE COMMERCIAL** INDUSTRIAL***	From 25,000 sf to 500,000 sf		From 25,000 sf to 500,000 sf			
	Berth Size 420 sf 420 sf 420 sf 420 sf	Loading Berths 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Area 25K sf - 50K sf 50K sf - 100K sf 100K sf - 250K sf 250K sf - 500K sf	Berth Size 420 sf 420 sf 420 sf 420 sf	L o a d i n g Berths 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Area 25K sf - 50K sf 50K sf - 100K sf 100K sf - 250K sf 250K sf - 500K sf
	Greater than 500,000 sf		Greater than 500,000 sf			
	Berth Size 660 sf	Loading Berths 1 /	Area 500K sf	Berth Size 660 sf	Loading Berths 1 /	Area 500K sf

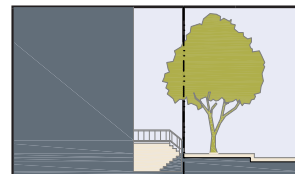
a. Common Lawn: a Frontage wherein the Façade is set back substantially from the Frontage Line. The front yard created remains unfenced and is visually continuous with adjacent yards, supporting a common landscape. The Setback can be densely landscaped to buffer from higher speed Thoroughfares.



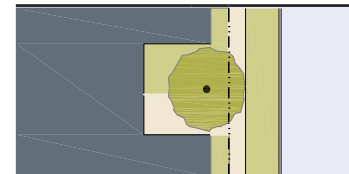
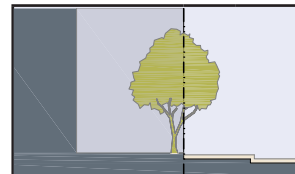
b. Porch & Fence: a Frontage wherein the Façade is set back from the Frontage Line with an attached Porch permitted to encroach. A fence at the Frontage Line maintains the demarcation of the yard while not blocking view into the front yard.



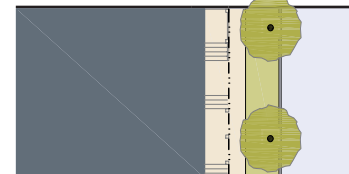
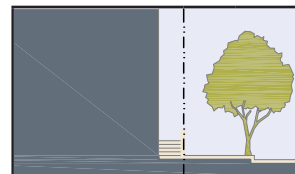
c. Terrace or Light Court: a Frontage wherein the Façade is set back from the Frontage Line by an elevated terrace or a sunken light court. This type buffers residential use from urban sidewalks and removes the private yard from public encroachment. The raised terrace is suitable for outdoor cafes.



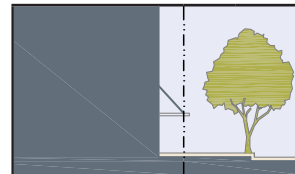
d. Forecourt: a Frontage wherein a portion of the Façade is close to the Frontage Line with a portion set back. The forecourt with a large tree offers visual and environmental variety to the urban Streetscape. The Forecourt may accommodate a vehicular drop off.



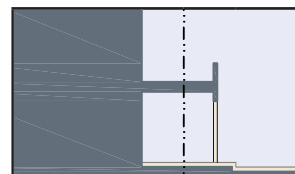
e. Stoop: a Frontage wherein the Façade is aligned close to the Frontage Line with the first Story elevated from the sidewalk sufficiently to secure privacy for the windows. The entrance is usually an exterior stair and landing. This type is recommended for ground-floor Residential Use.



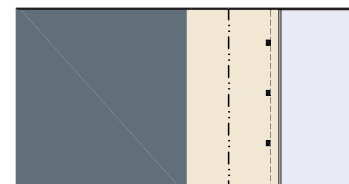
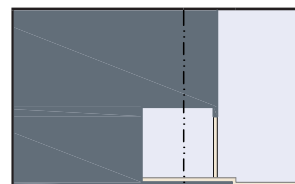
f. Shopfront: a Frontage wherein the Façade is aligned close to the Frontage Line with the Building entrance at sidewalk grade. This type is conventional for retail Use. It has substantial glazing at the sidewalk level and an Awning that may overhang the sidewalk.



g. Gallery: a Frontage wherein the Façade is aligned close to the Frontage Line with an attached cantilevered or a lightweight colonnade overlapping the sidewalk. This type is conventional for retail Use. The Gallery shall be no less than 15' feet wide and may overlap the whole width of the sidewalk to within 2 feet of the curb. Permitted by Special Area Plan.

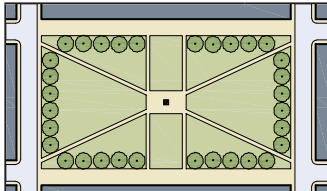
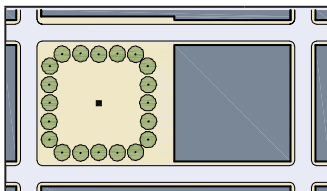
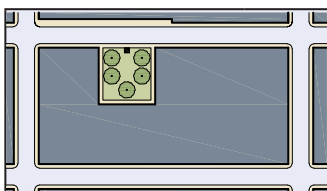
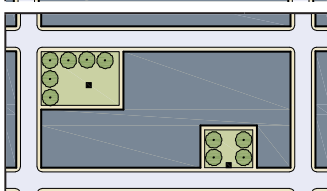
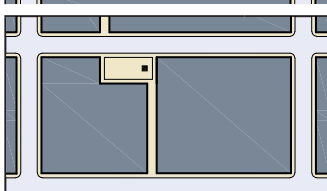
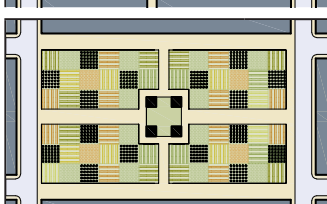


h. Arcade: a Frontage wherein the Façade includes a colonnade that overlaps the sidewalk, while the Façade at sidewalk level remains at the Frontage Line. This type is conventional for retail Use. The arcade shall be no less than 15' feet wide and may overlap the whole width of the sidewalk to within 2 feet of the curb. Permitted by Special Area Plan.

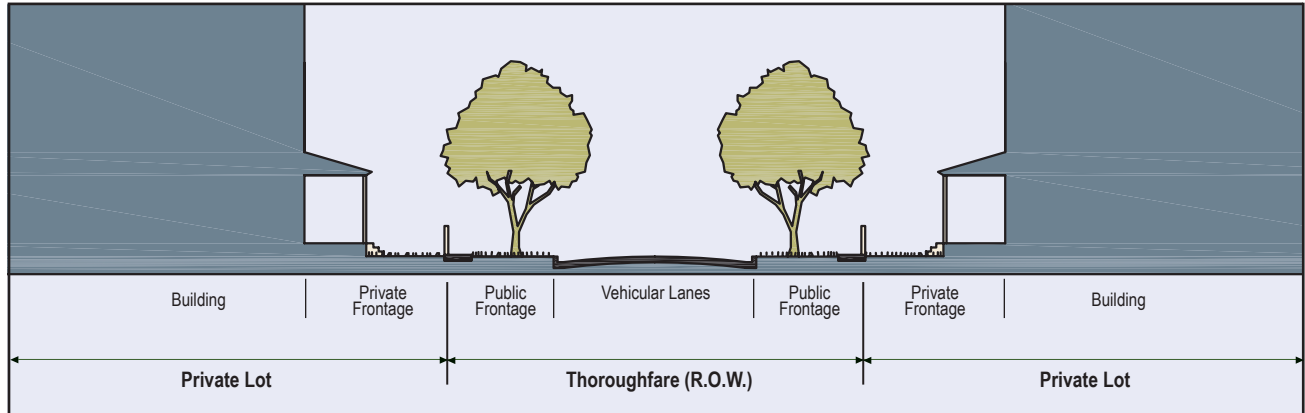


AS ADOPTED - JANUARY 2018

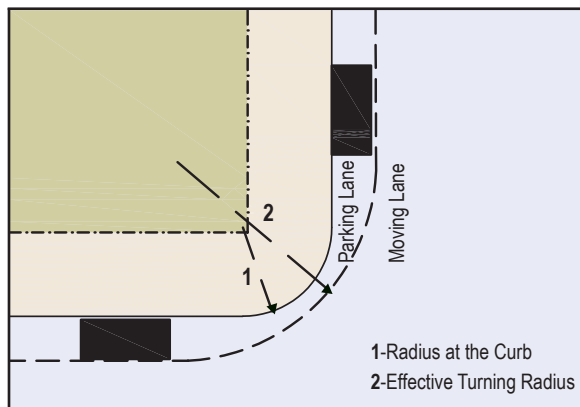
This table describes the standards for areas zoned as Civic Space (CS) and for Public Parks and Open Space provided by the Public Benefits Program. Civic Space Types should be at the ground level, landscaped and/or paved, open to the sky and shall be open to the public. Civic Space Types may be publicly or privately owned. Open Space requirements for each zone are described in Article 5.

a. Park: A natural preserve available for unstructured and structured recreation programs. A Park may be independent of surrounding Building Frontages. Its landscape may be naturalistic and consist of paths and trails, meadows, woodland, sports fields and open shelters. Parks may be Conservation Areas, preserving natural conditions and their size may vary.	
b. Green: An Open Space, available for unstructured recreation programs. A Green may be spatially defined by landscaping rather than Building Frontages. Its landscape shall consist of lawn and trees, naturalistically disposed. The minimum size shall be one acre and the maximum shall be 4 acres.	
c. Square: An Open Space available for unstructured recreation programs and civic purposes. A square is spatially defined by Building Frontages with streets on at least one Frontage. Its landscape shall consist of pavement, lawns and trees, formally disposed. Squares shall be located at the intersection of important Thoroughfares. The minimum size shall be 1/3 acre and the maximum shall be 2 acres.	
d. Plaza: An Open Space available for civic purposes and programmed activities. A Plaza shall be spatially defined by Building Frontages and may include street Frontages. Its landscape shall consist primarily of pavement and trees. Plazas shall be located at the intersection of important Thoroughfares. The minimum size shall be 1/8 acre and the maximum shall be 2 acres.	
e. Courtyard / Garden: An Open Space spatially defined by Buildings and street walls, and visually accessible on one side to the street.	
f. Playground: An Open Space designed and equipped for the recreation of children. A Playground shall be fenced and may include an open shelter. Playgrounds shall be interspersed within residential areas and may be placed within a Block. Playgrounds may be included within Parks and Greens. There shall be no minimum or maximum size.	
g. Pedestrian Passage: An Open Space connecting other public spaces, that is restricted to pedestrian use and limited vehicular access, of a minimum width of 20 feet. Building walls enfronting a Pedestrian Passage shall have frequent doors and windows. In T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80, a Pedestrian Passage may be roofed.	
h. Community Garden: A grouping of garden plots available for small-scale cultivation, generally to residents of apartments and other dwelling types without private gardens. Community gardens should accommodate individual storage sheds.	

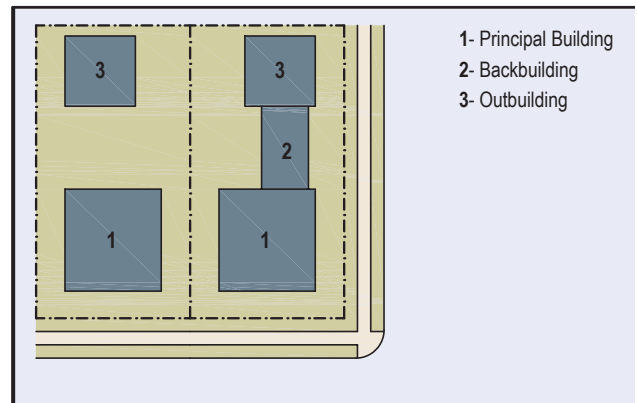
a. THOROUGHFARE & FRONTAGES



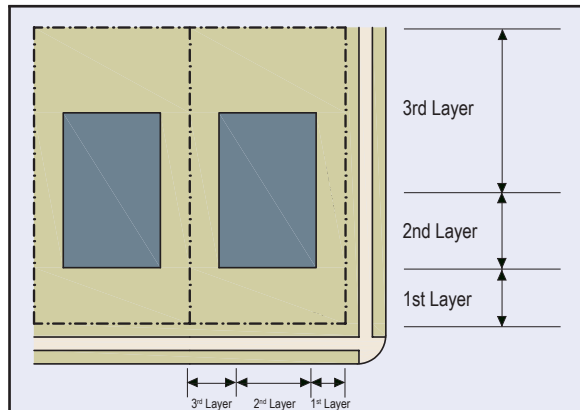
b. TURNING RADIUS



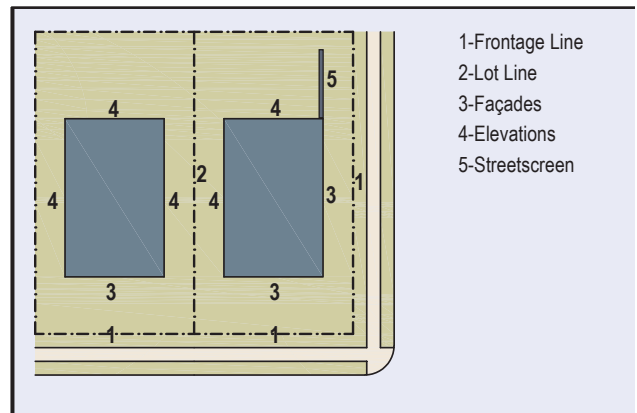
c. BUILDING DISPOSITION



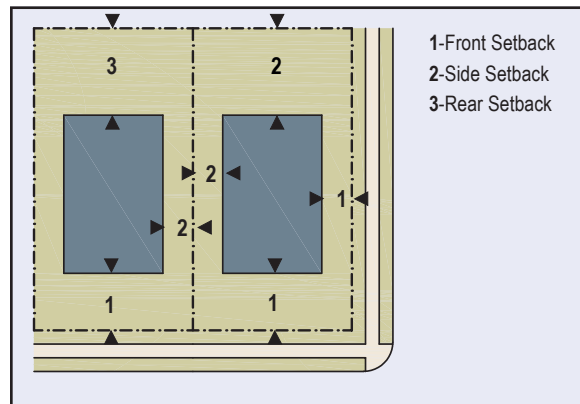
d. LOT LAYERS



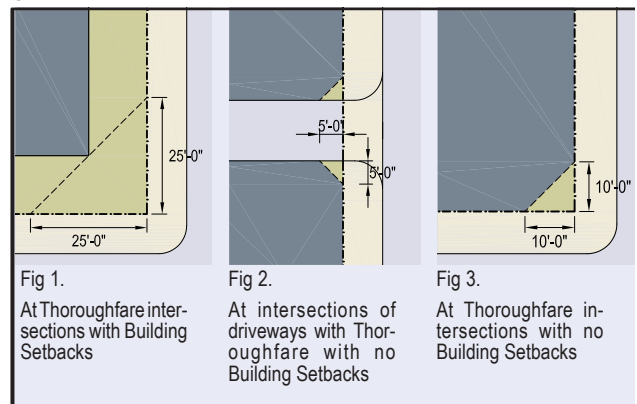
e. FRONTAGE & LOT LINES

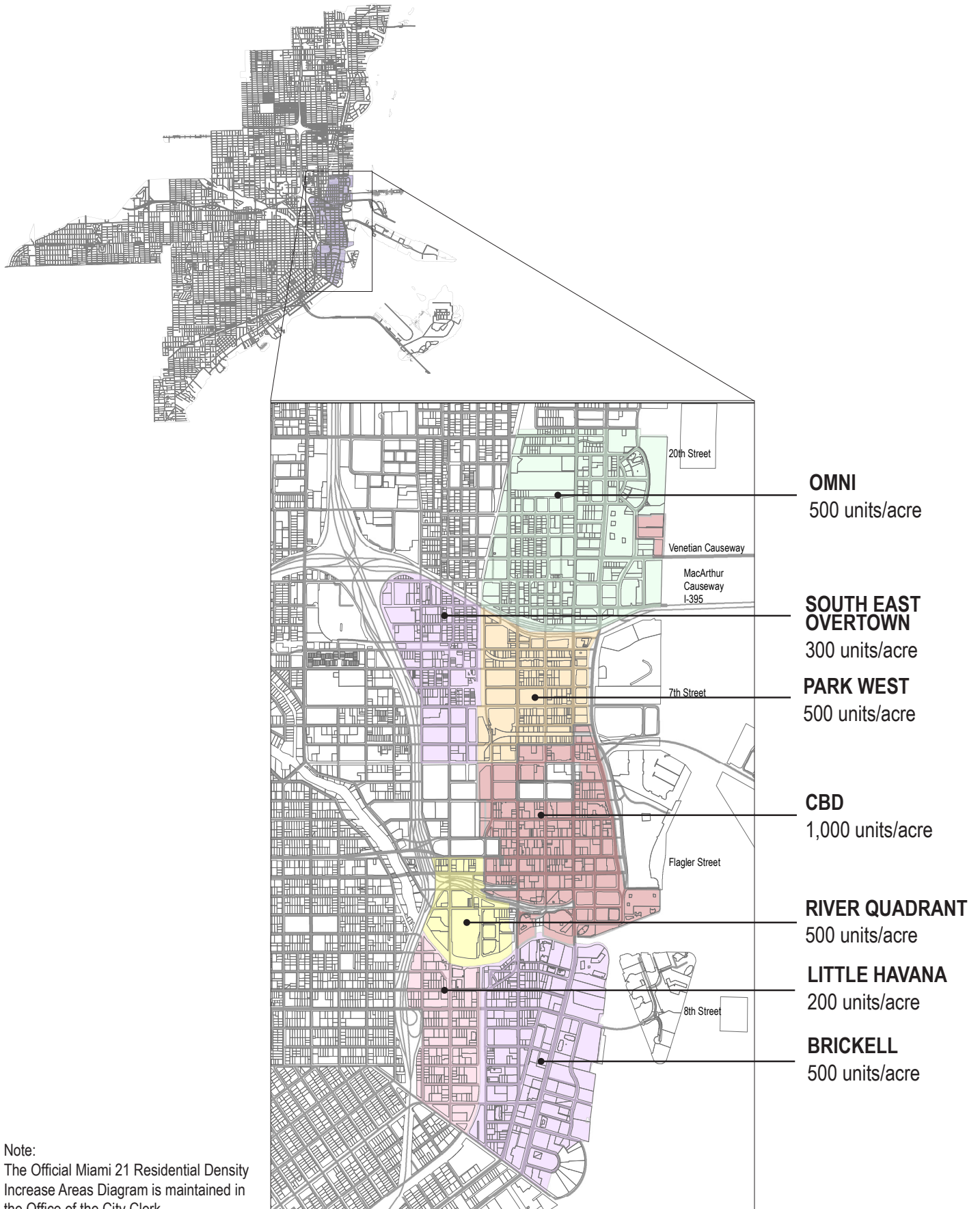


f. SETBACK DESIGNATIONS



g. VISIBILITY TRIANGLE





5.6**URBAN CORE TRANSECT ZONES (T6)****5.6.1 Building Disposition (T6)**

- a. Newly platted Lots shall be dimensioned according to Illustration 5.6.
- b. Lot coverage by any Building shall not exceed that shown in Illustration 5.6.
- c. Buildings shall be disposed in relation to the boundaries of their Lots according to Illustration 5.6.
- d. Buildings shall have their principal pedestrian entrances on a Frontage Line or from a courtyard at the Second Layer.
- e. For the minimum Height, Facades shall be built parallel to the Principal Frontage Line along a minimum of seventy percent (70%) of its length on the Setback Line as shown in Illustration 5.6. In the absence of Building along the remainder of the Frontage Line, a Streetscreen shall be built co-planar with the Façade to shield parking and service areas. In the case of two (2) or three (3) Principal Frontages meeting at Thoroughfare intersections, the Building corner may recede from the designated Setback up to twenty percent (20%) of the Lot length.
- f. At the first Story, Facades along a Frontage Line shall have frequent doors and windows; pedestrian entrances shall occur at a maximum spacing of seventy five (75) feet and vehicular entries shall occur at a minimum spacing of sixty (60) feet unless approved by Waiver.
- g. Setbacks for Buildings shall be as shown in Illustration 5.6. Where the property to be developed abuts a Structure other than a Sign, a Waiver may be granted so the proposed Structure matches the ground level dominant setback of the block and its context. Frontage Setbacks above the eighth floor for Lots having one (1) dimension measuring one hundred (100) feet or less may be a minimum of zero (0) feet by Waiver. For T6-24, T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80, the Frontage Setbacks above the eighth floor shall not be required for a Frontage facing a Civic Space or a Right-of-Way seventy (70) feet or greater in width. At property lines Abutting a lower Transect Zone the Setbacks shall reflect the transition as shown in Illustration 5.6.
- h. Above the eighth floor, minimum building spacing is sixty (60) feet, except that where the Building abuts T5, the sixty (60) feet required spacing shall be above the fifth floor. For T6-24, T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80 Lots having one dimension one hundred (100) feet or less, side and rear Setbacks above the eighth floor may be reduced to a minimum of twenty (20) feet by Waiver. For T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80 above the eighth floor in the Second Layer, at a setback of ten (10) feet, an additional two stories of habitable space may extend a maximum sixty percent (60%) of the length of the street Frontages. For T6-24, T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80 above the eighth floor an additional six feet of non-habitable space may be allowed without additional setback to accommodate depth of swimming pools, landscaping, transfer beams, and other structural and mechanical systems.
- i. For sites with three hundred and forty (340) feet Frontage length or more, a cross-Block passage shall be provided as follows: If the Frontage Line of a site is at any point more than three hundred and forty (340) feet from a Thoroughfare intersection, the Building shall provide a cross-Block Pedestrian Passage. If the Frontage Line of a site is at any point six hundred and fifty (650) feet

from a Thoroughfare intersection, a vehicular cross-Block passage shall be provided. Such a cross-Block Passage may be covered above the first floor by a maximum of twenty-five percent (25%) of its length with Structures connecting Buildings, such as a terrace, pedestrian bridge or vehicular bridge. In T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80 a Pedestrian Passage may be roofed and shall be lined with frequent doors and windows.

- j. Maximum Lot size as shown in Illustration 5.6 may be increased by Exception for Uses that serve the Neighborhood.

5.6.2**Building Configuration (T6)**

- a. Development within Private Frontages shall comply with Article 4, Tables 2 and 6 and Illustration 5.6.
- b. Above the eighth floor, the Building Floorplate dimensions shall be limited as follows:
 - 1. 15,000 square feet maximum for Residential Uses in T6-8, T6-12 and T6-24
 - 2. 18,000 square feet maximum for Residential Uses in T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80
 - 3. 30,000 square feet maximum for Commercial Uses and for parking
 - 4. 180 feet maximum length for Residential Uses
 - 5. 215 feet maximum length for Commercial Uses
- c. Encroachments shall be as follows: At the First Layer, cantilevered Awnings and entry canopies may encroach up to one hundred percent (100%) of the depth of the Setback, except as may be further allowed by Chapter 54 of the City Code. Above the first Story, cantilevered balconies, bay windows, roofs, or Facade components promoting energy efficiency, such as shading and Screening devices, that are non-accessible may encroach up to three (3) feet of the depth of the Setback. Other cantilevered portions of the Building shall maintain the required Setback. Above the eighth Story when additional setbacks are required as detailed in Illustration 5.6, Facade components promoting energy efficiency such as shading and Screening devices, that are non-accessible or balconies may encroach a maximum of three (3) feet.
- d. Galleries and Arcades shall be minimum fifteen (15) feet deep, shall encroach one hundred percent (100%) of the depth of the Setback and shall overlap the whole width of the Sidewalk to within two (2) feet of the curb. Permitted by process of a Special Area Plan.
- e. All outdoor storage, electrical, plumbing, mechanical, and communications equipment and appurtenant enclosures shall be located within the Second or Third Layer and concealed from view from any Frontage or Sidewalk by Liner Buildings, walls, Streetscreens, or opaque gates. These shall not be allowed as Encroachments.
- f. Loading and service entries shall be within the Third Layer and shall be accessed from Alleys when available, and otherwise from the Secondary Frontage. Loading spaces and service areas shall be internal to the building. Where Lots have only Principal Frontages, vehicular entries, Loading Docks and service areas shall be permitted on Principal Frontages by Waiver.
- g. Building Heights shall be measured in Stories and shall conform to Article 4, Table 2 and be allocated as required in Illustration 5.6. First-floor elevation shall be at average Sidewalk grade. A

first level Residential Function or Lodging Function should be raised a minimum of two (2) feet and a maximum of three and a half (3.5) feet above average Sidewalk grade. Existing one Story Structures shall be considered conforming and may be enlarged.

- h. Mechanical equipment on a roof shall be enclosed by parapets of the minimum Height necessary to conceal it, and a maximum Height of ten (10) feet. Other enclosures for housing stairs, elevators or mechanical equipment or for ornamental Building features may extend up to ten (10) feet above maximum height for T6-8, unless approved by Waiver. There shall be no limitation for ornamental element, stair, elevator or mechanical equipment extensions above maximum Height for T6-12, T6-24, T6-36, T6-48, T6-60 and T6-80. Roof decks shall be permitted up to the maximum Height. Trellises may extend above the maximum Height up to fourteen (14) feet.
- i. All ground floor and roof top utility infrastructure and mechanical equipment shall be concealed from public view. At the building Frontage, all equipment such as backflow preventers, siamese connections, and the like shall be placed within the line of the Façade or behind the Streetscreen. On the roof a screen wall shall conceal all equipment except antennas from lateral view. Exhaust air fans and louvers may be allowed on the Façade only on the Secondary Frontages above the first floor.
- j. Streetscreens or fences shall be between three and a half (3.5) and eight (8) feet in Height and constructed of a material matching the adjacent building Façade or of masonry, wrought iron or aluminum. The Streetscreen may be replaced by a hedge. Streetscreens shall have openings no larger than necessary to allow automobile and pedestrian access. Streetscreens shall be located coplanar with the Building Façade Line. Streetscreens over three (3) feet high shall be fifty percent (50%) permeable or articulated to avoid blank walls.
- k. Within the Second and Third Layers, fences and walls shall not exceed a Height of eight (8) feet.
- l. The ground floor along all Frontages shall contain Habitable Space.

5.6.3**Building Function & Density (T6)**

- a. Buildings in T6 shall conform to the Functions, Densities, and Intensities described in Article 4, Tables 3 and 4 and Illustration 5.6. Certain Functions as shown in Article 4, Table 3 shall require approval by Warrant or Exception. Consult Article 6 for any supplemental regulations.
- b. The calculation of the FLR shall not apply to that portion of the building that is entirely below base flood elevation.

5.6.4**Parking Standards (T6)**

- a. Vehicular parking and loading shall be required as shown in Article 4, Tables 4 and 5.
- b. On-street parking available along the Frontage Lines that correspond to each Lot shall be counted toward the parking requirement of the Building on the Lot.
- c. Parking should be accessed by an Alley. Parking shall be accessed from the Secondary Frontage when available. Where Lots have only Principal Frontages, parking may be accessed from

the Principal Frontages.

- d. Primary Frontage. All parking, including drop-off drives and porte-cocheres, open parking areas, covered parking, garages, Loading Spaces and service areas shall be located within the Third Layer and shall be masked from the Frontage by a Liner Building or Streetscreen as illustrated in Article 4, Table 8. Parking may extend into the Second Layer above the first (1) Story, by Waiver, if an art or glass treatment, of a design to be approved by the Planning Director, with the recommendation of the Urban Development Review Board, is provided for one hundred (100%) percent of that portion of the Pedestal Façade. Surface parking may extend into the Second Layer a maximum of twenty five percent (25%) of the length of the Primary Frontage up to a maximum of fifty (50) feet.
- e. Secondary Frontage. All Parking, open parking areas, covered parking, garages, Loading Spaces and service areas shall be located in the Third Layer and shall be masked from the Frontage by a Liner Building or Streetscreen for a minimum of fifty percent (50%) of the length of the frontage or height of the pedestal. Above ground Parking may extend into the Second Layer beyond fifty percent (50%) of the length of the frontage or height of the Pedestal, by Waiver, if an art or glass treatment of a design to be approved by the Planning Director is provided for that portion of the pedestal facade.
- f. Underground parking may extend into the Second and First Layers only if it is fully underground and does not require raising the first-floor elevation of the First and Second Layers above that of the sidewalk. Ramps to underground parking shall be within the Second or Third Layers.
- g. The vehicular entrance of a parking Lot or garage on a Frontage shall be no wider than thirty (30) feet and the minimum distance between vehicular entrances shall be sixty (60) feet, unless approved by Waiver.
- h. Pedestrian entrances to all parking Lots and parking structures shall be directly from a Frontage Line. Underground parking structures should be entered by pedestrians directly from a Principal Building.
- i. Buildings mixing uses shall provide parking for each Use. Shared Parking shall be calculated according to Article 4, Table 5.

5.6.5 Architectural Standards (T6)

- a. Only permanent structures shall be allowed. Temporary structures such as mobile homes, construction trailers, travel trailers, recreational vehicles and other temporary structures shall not be allowed except as per City Code and this code.
- b. The Facades on Retail Frontages shall be detailed as storefronts and glazed with clear glass no less than seventy percent (70%) of the sidewalk-level Story. Security screens shall be seventy percent (70%) open.
- c. Roof materials should be light-colored, high Albedo or a planted surface and shall comply with Article 3, Section 3.13.2 of this Code.

- d. The Façade of a parking garage that is not concealed behind a Habitable Liner and all Elevations shall be screened to conceal all internal elements such as plumbing pipes, fans, ducts and lighting. Ramping should be internalized wherever possible. Exposed spandrels shall be prohibited. The exposed top level of parking structures shall be covered a minimum of sixty percent (60%) with a shade producing structure such as, but not limited to, a vined pergola or retractable canvas shade structure.

5.6.6 Landscape Standards (T6)

- a. The First Layer as shown in Article 4, Table 8 shall be paved and landscaped to match the Public Frontage as shown in Article 8.
- b. Open Space shall be a minimum ten percent (10%) of the total Lot area. Ten percent (10%) of the Open Space provided in Second or Third Layer shall be landscaped.

5.6.7 Ambient Standards (T6)

- a. Noise regulations shall be as established in the City Code.
- b. Average lighting levels measured at the Building Frontage shall not exceed 20 fc (foot-candles).
- c. Lighting of building and contingent Open Spaces shall be compatible with street lighting of Abutting public spaces as illustrated in Article 8. Interior garage lighting fixtures shall not be visible from streets.
- d. The lighting fixtures of exposed rooftop parking shall be concealed by a parapet wall and shall not be seen from surrounding streets.

BUILDING DISPOSITION

LOT OCCUPATION

a. Lot Area	5,000 s.f. min.; 40,000 s.f. max.
b. Lot Width	50 ft min.
c. Lot Coverage	
- 1-8 Stories	80% max.
- Above 8 th Story	15,000 sq. ft. max. Floorplate for Residential & Lodging 30,000 sq. ft. max. Floorplate for Office & Commercial
d. Floor Lot Ratio (FLR)	5 / 25% additional Public Benefit
e. Frontage at front Setback	70% min.
f. Open Space	10% Lot Area min.
g. Density	150 du/ac max.*

BUILDING SETBACK

a. Principal Front	10 ft. min.; 20 ft. min. above 8 th Story
b. Secondary Front	10 ft. min.; 20 ft. min. above 8 th Story
c. Side	0 ft. min.; 30 ft. min. above 8 th Story
d. Rear	0 ft. min.; 30 ft. min. above 8 th Story
e. Abutting Side or Rear T5	0 ft. min. 1 st through 5 th Story 10 ft. min. 6 th through 8 th Story 30 ft. min. above 8 th Story
Abutting Side or Rear T4	6 ft. min. 1 st through 5 th Story 26 ft. min. above 5 th Story
Abutting Side or Rear T3	10% of Lot depth** min. 1 st through 2 nd Story 26 ft. min. 3 rd through 5 th Story 46 ft. min. above 5 th Story

BUILDING CONFIGURATION

FRONTAGE

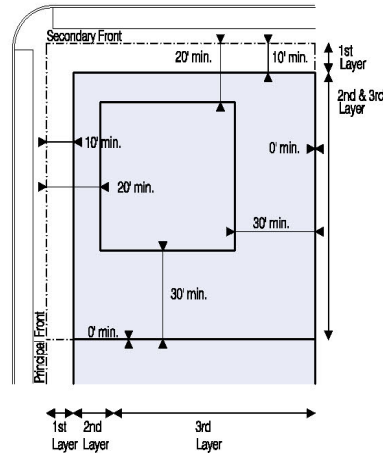
a. Common Lawn	prohibited
b. Porch & Fence	prohibited
c. Terrace or L.C.	prohibited
d. Forecourt	permitted
e. Stoop	permitted
f. Shopfront	permitted (T6-8 L and T6-8 O only)
g. Gallery	permitted by Special Area Plan
h. Arcade	permitted by Special Area Plan

BUILDING HEIGHT

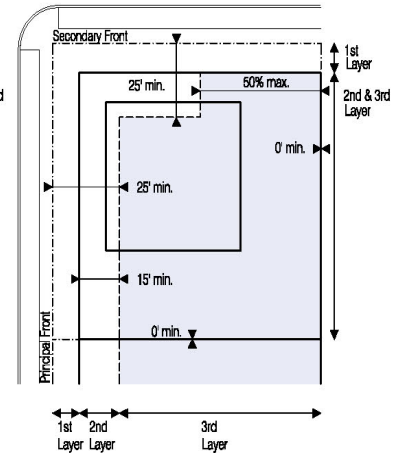
a. Min. Height	2 Stories
b. Max. Height	8 Stories
c. Max. Benefit Height	4 Stories Abutting all Transects Zones except T3

* Or as modified in Diagram 9

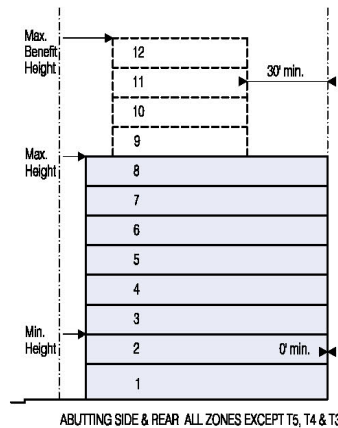
BUILDING PLACEMENT



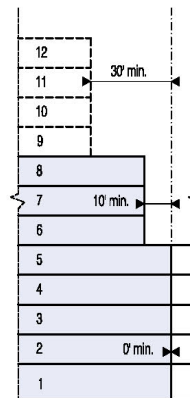
PARKING PLACEMENT



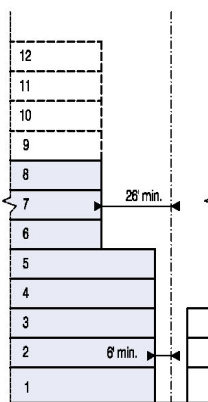
BUILDING HEIGHT



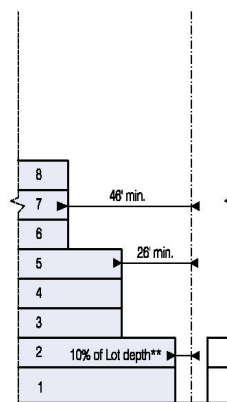
ABUTTING SIDE & REAR ALL ZONES EXCEPT T5, T4 & T3



ABUTTING SIDE & REAR T5



ABUTTING SIDE & REAR T4



ABUTTING SIDE & REAR T3

**10% of Lot depth for Lots more than 120' deep
6' min for Lots less than 120' deep

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 – 1,000 UNITS PER ACRE *
DWELLING UNIT	Efficiency Dwelling Unit: 400 square feet min. One bedroom Dwelling Unit: 550 square feet min. Two bedroom Dwelling Unit: 650 square feet min.	Micro Dwelling Unit: 275 square feet min. Only permitted within a TOD area. Permitted by Warrant. Prohibited on a Lot Abutting T3. Efficiency Dwelling Unit: 400 square feet min. One bedroom Dwelling Unit: 550 square feet min. Two bedroom Dwelling Unit: 650 square feet min.	Micro Dwelling Unit: 275 square feet min. Only permitted within a TOD area. Permitted by Warrant. Prohibited on a Lot Abutting T3. Efficiency Dwelling Unit: 400 square feet min. One bedroom Dwelling Unit: 550 square feet min. Two bedroom Dwelling Unit: 650 square feet min.
BOATS HOUSEBOAT HOUSE BARGE	Occupancy of private pleasure crafts and houseboats or house barges shall not be allowed except for those specifically grandfathered and regulated by Ordinance #10932, adopted 10-24-1991.	Occupancy of private pleasure crafts and houseboats or house barges shall not be allowed except for those specifically grandfathered and regulated by Ordinance #10932, adopted 10-24-1991.	Occupancy of private pleasure crafts and houseboats or house barges shall not be allowed except for those specifically grandfathered and regulated by Ordinance #10932, adopted 10-24-1991.
BOAT HOUSE	Maximum size: 20 feet wide, 40 feet long, 15 feet high.	Maximum size: 20 feet wide, 40 feet long, 15 feet high.	Maximum size: 20 feet wide, 40 feet long, 15 feet high.
BOAT SLIP	Maximum coverage of waterfront setback: 35%	Maximum coverage of waterfront setback: 35%	Maximum coverage of waterfront setback: 35%
DOCKS PIERS	Extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay are limited to 35 feet. However, by Exception a 600 feet maximum extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay may be allowed. Extension of docks and Piers into other waterways is limited to 10 feet or 10% of the width of the waterway, whichever is less. However, by Exception further extension may be approved, subject to approval from all applicable agencies. Only private pleasure craft may be docked or moored on property Adjacent to T3-R, T4-R, T5-R, T6-R. Dock/ Pier setbacks: 10 feet from any Abutting property Vessel setback: 5 feet from any Abutting property. Prohibited uses or appurtenances: davits in excess of 3 ton capacity, commercial vessels, commercial boat ramps, and commercial hauling and fueling.	Extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay are limited to 35 feet. However, by Exception a 600 feet maximum extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay may be allowed. Extension of docks and Piers into other waterways is limited to 10 feet or 10% of the width of the waterway, whichever is less. However, by Exception further extension may be approved, subject to approval from all applicable agencies. Only private pleasure craft may be docked or moored on property Adjacent to T3-R, T4-R, T5-R, T6-R. Dock/ Pier setbacks: 10 feet from any Abutting property Vessel setback: 5 feet from any Abutting property. Prohibited uses or appurtenances: davits in excess of 3 ton capacity, commercial vessels, commercial boat ramps, and commercial hauling and fueling.	Extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay are limited to 35 feet. However, by Exception a 600 feet maximum extension of docks and Piers into Biscayne Bay may be allowed. Extension of docks and Piers into other waterways is limited to 10 feet or 10% of the width of the waterway, whichever is less. However, by Exception further extension may be approved, subject to approval from all applicable agencies. Only private pleasure craft may be docked or moored on property Adjacent to T3-R, T4-R, T5-R, T6-R. Dock/ Pier setbacks: 10 feet from any Abutting property Vessel setback: 5 feet from any Abutting property. Prohibited uses or appurtenances: davits in excess of 3 ton capacity, commercial vessels, commercial boat ramps, and commercial hauling and fueling.
COMMUNITY RESIDENCES 1-6-RESIDENTS	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.
COMMUNITY RESIDENCES 7-14-RESIDENTS	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.
ADULT FAMILY CARE HOME 1-5-RESIDENTS	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.2.
HOME OFFICE	Shall be located wholly within Dwelling Unit. Maximum size of home office shall not exceed 25% of the size of the Dwelling Unit based on county property records. Home Office occupations limited to individual tutoring; non-amplified individual instrument instruction; authors and composers; artists; designers; seamstresses; tailors; and uses similar in impact. Office uses, excluding medical and dental offices. Maximum of one client at a time. Maximum of two staff members, one of which must reside on premises. Hours of operation limited to Monday through Saturday 8:00 AM to 6 PM. No equipment or process shall be used which creates undue noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to normal senses off the property. Certificate of Use required.	Shall be located wholly within Dwelling Unit. Maximum size of home office shall not exceed 25% of the size of the Dwelling Unit based on county property records. Home Office occupations limited to individual tutoring; non-amplified individual instrument instruction; authors and composers; artists; designers; seamstresses; tailors; and uses similar in impact. Office uses, excluding medical and dental offices. Maximum of one client at a time. Maximum of two staff members, one of which must reside on premises. Hours of operation limited to Monday through Saturday 8:00 AM to 6 PM. No equipment or process shall be used which creates undue noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to normal senses off the property. Certificate of Use required.	Shall be located wholly within Dwelling Unit. Maximum size of home office shall not exceed 25% of the size of the Dwelling Unit based on county property records. Home Office occupations limited to individual tutoring; non-amplified individual instrument instruction; authors and composers; artists; designers; seamstresses; tailors; and uses similar in impact. Office uses, excluding medical and dental offices. Maximum of one client at a time. Maximum of two staff members, one of which must reside on premises. Hours of operation limited to Monday through Saturday 8:00 AM to 6 PM. No equipment or process shall be used which creates undue noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to normal senses off the property. Certificate of Use required.

* Or as modified in Article 4, Diagram 9

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 – 1,000 UNITS PER ACRE *
LIVE WORK		Shall be located within ground floor or Liner Units. Maximum size of work occupation shall not exceed 50% of the size of the Dwelling Unit based on county property records. Live Work occupations limited to those allowed in Transect Zone. No equipment or process shall be used which creates undue noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to normal senses off the property. Certificate of Use required.	Shall be located within ground floor or Liner Units. Maximum size of work occupation shall not exceed 50% of the size of the Dwelling Unit based on county property records. Live Work occupations limited to those allowed in Transect Zone. No equipment or process shall be used which creates undue noise, vibration, glare, fumes, or odors detectable to normal senses off the property. Certificate of Use required.
AUTO RELATED COMMERCIAL		Car Wash: Self-service, semiautomatic, and automatic dragline shall provide for each of the first 3 wash stalls, 3 parking reservoir spaces before and 3 after. Beyond 3 stalls, 1 parking reservoir spaces before and 2 after each stall. Custom hand car wash shall provide for each wash stall, 1 parking reservoir space before each stall and 1 after, and 5 additional parking spaces. One (1) reservoir parking space may be reduced by Waiver. Gas Stations: Principal Frontage access may be allowed. Frontage requirement may be reduced maximum 30% by Waiver. Building Facade may be a colonnade. All vending machines shall be located indoors. Trash facilities shall be completely enclosed and shielded from Primary Frontages. Only vehicles awaiting service, permitted rental vehicles and staff vehicles parked while working shall be allowed. All repairs, change of tires, greasing/lubricating shall be conducted within building. Outdoor display of products incidental to normal refueling is prohibited closer to the street than pump islands. Outdoor display or storage of tires is prohibited. Vehicle Rental Facilities: In addition to the parking requirements in Article 4 Table 4 for lease or rental passenger vehicle facilities there shall be 10 parking spaces provided for first 10,000 square feet of Floor Area and 1 space for each additional 500 square feet. In addition to the parking requirements in Article 4 Table 4 for lease or rental cargo vehicle facilities 1 parking space per staff and 1 space for each 8 vehicles stored on the premises. All access to site shall be from a County designated primary arterial road. Building designated for customer service must be located where it is easily accessible from site access point. All transactions must be conducted indoors. All vehicle storage areas must be lighted without causing spillover onto Abutting properties. On-site vehicle service must be conducted indoors and is limited to minor repairs and maintenance.	Car Wash: Subject to City Code Chapter 23 Self-service, semiautomatic, and automatic dragline shall provide for each of the first 3 wash stalls, 3 parking reservoir spaces before and 3 after. Beyond 3 stalls, 1 parking reservoir spaces before and 2 after each stall. Custom hand car wash shall provide for each wash stall, 1 parking reservoir space before each stall and 1 after, and 5 additional parking spaces. One (1) reservoir parking space may be reduced by Waiver. Gas Stations: Subject to City Code Chapter 23 Principal Frontage access may be allowed. Frontage requirement may be reduced maximum 30% by Waiver. Building Facade may be a colonnade. All vending machines shall be located indoors. Trash facilities shall be completely enclosed and shielded from Primary Frontages. Only vehicles awaiting service, permitted rental vehicles and staff vehicles parked while working shall be allowed. All repairs, change of tires, greasing/lubricating shall be conducted within building. Outdoor display of products incidental to normal refueling is prohibited closer to the street than pump islands. Outdoor display or storage of tires is prohibited. Vehicle Rental Facilities: In addition to the parking requirements in Article 4 Table 4 for lease or rental passenger vehicle facilities there shall be 10 parking spaces provided for first 10,000 square feet of Floor Area and 1 space for each additional 500 square feet. In addition to the parking requirements in Article 4 Table 4 for lease or rental cargo vehicle facilities 1 parking space per staff and 1 space for each 8 vehicles stored on the premises. All access to site shall be from a County designated primary arterial road. Building designated for customer service must be located where it is easily accessible from site access point. All transactions must be conducted indoors. All vehicle storage areas must be lighted without causing spillover onto Abutting properties. On-site vehicle service must be conducted indoors and is limited to minor repairs and maintenance.
DRIVE-THROUGH AND DRIVE-IN			Reservoir parking spaces shall be required as follows: One (1) at window, three (3) before service window, one (1) after service window. One (1) reservoir parking space may be reduced by Waiver.
LARGE SCALE RETAIL			Subject to the requirements of Section 6.3.

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 – 1,000 UNITS PER ACRE *
PUBLIC STORAGE FACILITY			Allowed by Warrant and subject to the following additional requirements: Minimum distance requirement of 2,500 feet radius between proposed facility and another existing facility within any T5 or T6 Zone. Waiver for reduction in distance requirement is not permissible. Public Storage Facilities shall have ground floor retail along principal frontage. A minimum of 50% of the proposed ground floor retail shall be unrelated to the Public Storage Facility. The maximum size of any individual storage rental space shall be 400 square feet Controlled access and adequate security surveillance shall be provided throughout facility. Any boat or vehicle stored in these facilities shall not exceed an overall length of 25 feet and shall be stored within an enclosed and ventilated Structure. Hours of operation shall be limited to 5:00 am to 11:00 pm.
OPEN AIR RETAIL		Subject to the following additional requirements: Access to site must be from a major Thoroughfare. Distance separation of any Open Air Retail shall be a minimum of 75 feet measured from any property within T3, T4-R, T5-R, or T6-R Zone. Operation limited to weekends and legal holidays for a maximum of 3 consecutive days between the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM. Provision of paving striping for stalls and parking spaces. Provision of onsite restroom facilities.	Subject to the following additional requirements: Access to site must be from a major Thoroughfare. Distance separation of any Open Air Retail shall be a minimum of 75 feet measured from any property within T3, T4-R, T5-R, or T6-R Zone. Operation limited to weekends and legal holidays for a maximum of 3 consecutive days between the hours of 7:00 AM and 7:00 PM. Provision of paving striping for stalls and parking spaces. Provision of onsite restroom facilities.
ADULT DAYCARE		Allowed by Warrant per Article 4 Table 3. For 6 to 9 adults: Minimum of 350 square feet of indoor activity area.	Allowed by Warrant per Article 4 Table 3. For 6 to 9 adults: Minimum of 350 square feet of indoor activity area. For 10 or more adults: Minimum of 35 square feet of indoor activity area per adult.
COMMUNITY SUPPORT FACILITY	Assisted Living Facilities: Allowed by Exception and are subject to the following additional requirements: Minimum distance requirement of 2,500 feet between proposed facility and another existing facility. Minimum distance requirement of 1,000 feet between proposed Facility and any T3 or T4 R Zone.	Assisted Living Facilities: Allowed by Exception and are subject to the following additional requirements: Minimum distance requirement of 2,500 feet between proposed facility and another existing facility. Minimum distance requirement of 1,000 feet between proposed facility and any T3 or T4-R Zone.	Assisted Living Facilities: Allowed by Exception and are subject to the following additional requirements: Minimum distance requirement of 2,500 feet between proposed facility and another existing facility. Minimum distance requirement of 1,000 feet between proposed facility and any T3 or T4-R Zone.
PERSONAL WIRELESS SERVICE FACILITY	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.4.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.4.	Subject to the requirements of Section 6.4.
HELICOPTER LANDING SITE	Helicopter landing sites as regulated by federal and state law may be permitted by Warrant subject to the following additional requirements: May only be used for the landing and takeoff of helicopters dropping off and picking up passengers and cargo, and may not include fueling, repair, or long term parking or storage of helicopters. Unless used for emergency operations (police, fire, and hospital) landings and takeoffs shall be restricted to Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM to 5 PM on parcels Abutting T3, T4, T5-R, and T6-R. Ground level sites shall be located away from Buildings, trees, or significant terrain features to avoid possible air turbulence. Rooftop sites shall be given priority over ground level sites in congested areas.	Helicopter landing sites as regulated by federal and state law may be permitted by Warrant subject to the following additional requirements: May only be used for the landing and takeoff of helicopters dropping off and picking up passengers and cargo, and may not include fueling, repair, or long term parking or storage of helicopters. Unless used for emergency operations (police, fire, and hospital) landings and takeoffs shall be restricted to Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM to 5 PM on parcels Abutting T3, T4, T5-R, and T6-R. Ground level sites shall be located away from Buildings, trees, or significant terrain features to avoid possible air turbulence. Rooftop sites shall be given priority over ground level sites in congested areas.	Helicopter landing sites as regulated by federal and state law may be permitted by Warrant subject to the following additional requirements: May only be used for the landing and takeoff of helicopters dropping off and picking up passengers and cargo, and may not include fueling, repair, or long term parking or storage of helicopters. Unless used for emergency operations (police, fire, and hospital) landings and takeoffs shall be restricted to Monday through Friday from 9:00 AM to 5 PM on parcels Abutting T3, T4, T5-R, and T6-R. Ground level sites shall be located away from Buildings, trees, or significant terrain features to avoid possible air turbulence. Rooftop sites shall be given priority over ground level sites in congested areas.

* Or as modified in Article 4, Diagram 9

	RESTRICTED	LIMITED	OPEN
DENSITY (UPA)	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 UNITS PER ACRE *	150 – 1,000 UNITS PER ACRE *
CHILDCARE	Minimum of 35 square feet of usable indoor floor space per child on license. Minimum of 45 square feet of usable outdoor play area per child. A minimum outdoor play area shall be provided for one half of license capacity. In no event shall any outdoor play area be less than 450 square feet. The minimum standard of outdoor play area does not apply for children under one year of age. Minimum of 1 drop off parking space for every 10 children. Vehicular entrance must be within 300 feet of arterial road.	Minimum of 35 square feet of usable indoor floor space per child on license. Minimum of 45 square feet of usable outdoor play area per child. A minimum outdoor play area shall be provided for one half of license capacity. In no event shall any outdoor play area be less than 450 square feet. The minimum standard of outdoor play area does not apply for children under one year of age. Minimum of 1 drop off parking space for every 10 children. Vehicular entrance must be within 300 feet of arterial road.	Minimum of 35 square feet of usable indoor floor space per child on license. Minimum of 45 square feet of usable outdoor play area per child. A minimum outdoor play area shall be provided for one half of license capacity. In no event shall any outdoor play area be less than 450 square feet. The minimum standard of outdoor play area does not apply for children under one year of age. Minimum of 1 drop off parking space for every 10 children. Vehicular entrance must be within 300 feet of arterial road.
REGIONAL ACTIVITY COMPLEX			Regional Activity Complex: Allowed by Exception with City Commission approval and are subject to the following additional requirements: Regional Activity Complexes are not allowed in Transect Zones T6-8 and T6-12. Minimum distance requirement of 1,000 feet between proposed facility and any T3 or T4 Zones. Transect regulations pertaining to Building Disposition, and Building Configuration shall be considered referential guidelines for Regional Activity Complexes. Any exemption from these guidelines must comply with the following criteria: 1. exemptions shall be justified by functional requirements connected to the uses proposed; and 2. exemptions shall be reduced to the minimum required to achieve the required functionality; and 3. exemptions in the aggregate shall be evaluated for compliance with the Transect's intent regarding intensity and scale; and 4. exemptions shall be evaluated for compliance with criteria set forth in Article 4, Table 12, as applicable; and 5. specific findings shall be made by the Planning Director regarding the nature and extent of each proposed exemption and said findings shall be contained in the recommendation report for the Exception which may be considered as substantial and competent evidence by the PZAB and City Commission respectively.

PERMITTING PROCESS DIAGRAM

